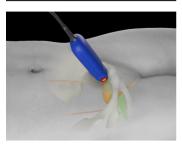


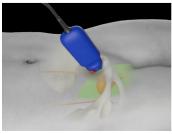
# **KOSMOS BLADDER QUICK REFERENCE**

Powered by the advanced AI technology of EchoNous, the Kosmos Bladder solution sets a new standard for accuracy, reliability, and user-friendly design—all while remaining affordable for any budget. Use it as a dedicated bladder scanner or expand its capabilities for an all-in-one POCUS solution.









## 1

#### STARTING A BLADDER SCAN

- · Apply gel to the probe
- · Tap Bladder preset to begin an exam

# 2

## **BLADDER WORKFLOW**

- Tap Pre Void Workflow for high bladder volume
- Tap Post Void Workflow for low bladder volume

## 3

#### ADJUST PROBE TO CORRECT POSITION/ANGLE

#### Transverse View

- Position the probe so that the orientation marker faces the patients right hip
- Using firm, downward pressure, place the probe so it is midline on your patient, in line with the belly button, and just above the pubic bone
- · Angle the probe down towards the feet

#### Sagittal View

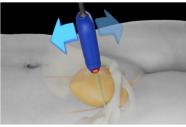
- Position the probe so that the orientation marker faces the patients head
- Using firm, downward pressure, place the probe so it is midline on your patient, in line with the belly button, and just above the pubic bone
- · Angle the probe down towards the feet



## 4

#### CENTER BLADDER

- · Kosmos Al will identify and highlight the bladder
- If the bladder is not centered on the screen, it will appear yellow. Follow the arrow indicator to center the bladder



## 5

## FAN PROBE TO MEASURE BLADDER

#### **Transverse View**

- Gently tilt the probe back and forth along the axis to fan the probe
- NOTE: Fanning is not needed when conducting a post-void scan



#### Sagittal View

- · Gently tilt the probe from hip to hip
- NOTE: Fanning is not needed when conducting a post-void scan



## 6

### VOLUME

- Once you have obtained the Transverse and Sagittal views, Kosmos will show the result screen where you will see bladder volume measurements
- · The measured volume is displayed in mL
- Tap Done to accept and save the bladder scan
- Tap Scan Again to perform another measurement