

# User Guide





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# **Getting Started**

## What's new in this release?

New features and changes for the 1.0 version of KOSMOS<sup>®</sup> include:

• Kosmos can connect to the Samsung S6 tablet through the EchoNous Kosmos: Ultrasound App that is now available.

## Package contents

The KOSMOS box contains the following items:

- Samsung S6 tablet (part number: SM-T860)
- Samsung S6 tablet protective case and bag (optional)
- Kosmos Torso-One
- KOSMOS App for Android<sup>™</sup> Quick Start Guide
- Chemical Compatibility
- USB flash drive containing:
  - KOSMOS on Android User Guide
  - KOSMOS App for Android Quick Start Guide
  - ALARA education program (ISBN 1-932962-30-1, Medical Ultrasound Safety)
  - Terms and conditions of warranty
  - Manufacturer Disclosure Statement for Medical Device Security (MDS2)
  - DICOM Conformance Statement

A

## Intended users

KOSMOS is intended to be used by qualified and trained healthcare professionals that are legally authorized by law in the country, state, or other local municipality in which they practice to use the device. The list of the potential users includes but is not limited to (based on title/geographical location): Medical specialists, primary care physicians, point-of-care (POC) users, sonographers, medical healthcare technicians, nurses, nurse practitioners, physician assistants, and medical students.

## Intended use/indications for use

To help ensure the diagnostic quality of the images obtained, all patient images must be obtained by qualified and trained healthcare professionals.

KOSMOS is intended to be used by qualified and trained healthcare professionals in the clinical assessment of the cardiac and pulmonary systems and the abdomen by acquiring, processing, displaying, measuring, and storing ultrasound images.

With respect to its ultrasound imaging capabilities, KOSMOS is a general purpose diagnostic ultrasound system used in the following clinical applications and modes of operation:

- Clinical applications: Cardiac, Thoracic/Lung, Abdominal, Peripheral Vascular, and Image Guidance for Needle/Catheter Placement
- Modes of operation: B-mode, M-mode, Color Doppler, combined modes of B+M and B+CD, and Harmonic Imaging

KOSMOS is intended to be used in clinical care and medical education settings on adult and pediatric patient populations.

The device is non-invasive, reusable, and intended to be used on one patient at a time.

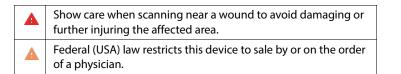
## Contraindications

KOSMOS is designed for transcutaneous scanning and transthoracic echocardiography only.

KOSMOS is not intended for ophthalmic use or any use causing the acoustic beam to pass through the eye.

The Kosmos EF Workflow software, which includes an Al-assisted protocoldriven workflow for the calculation of various clinical parameters, is not indicated for use in pediatric patients.

The Kosmos Trio software, which includes the Al-assisted labeling, grading, and guidance functions, is not indicated for use in pediatric patients.



## General warnings and cautions

A	KOSMOS is not MRI compatible and should not be used in an MRI suite.
	KOSMOS is not for use in oxygen-rich environments.
	To avoid the risk of electrical shock, do not allow any part of KOSMOS (except for Kosmos Torso-One lens) to touch the patient.
	To avoid the risk of electrical shock or injury, do not open the tablet or Kosmos Torso-One enclosures for any reason. All internal adjustments and replacements (such as the battery) need to be made by a qualified KOSMOS technician.
A	To avoid the risk of electrical shock and fire hazard, inspect the power supply, AC power cords, cables, and plugs on a regular basis to ensure that they are not damaged.

-	
	The KOSMOS system is not defibrillation proof. To prevent injury to the operator/bystander, Kosmos Torso-One must be removed from patient contact before the application of a high-voltage defibrillation pulse.
	Before using KOSMOS for needle guidance procedures, you must have training in the applicable interventional procedures in addition to training in the use of ultrasound imaging for needle guidance. Well known limitations of ultrasound physics may lead to an inability to visualize the needle or differentiate the needle from acoustic artifacts. During fluid removal procedures of the pericardium, pleural cavity and abdomen, the potential exists for serious complications including, without limitation, the following: pneumothorax, arterial puncture, cardiac puncture, or damage to other organs.
A	As a precaution, be careful when scanning near a wound or over a dressing.
4	Do not use KOSMOS for intracavity imaging.
	KOSMOS uses Bluetooth wireless communication technology.
	Keep power cords away from trafficked areas.
A	No modifications to this equipment shall be made without written consent of manufacturer, EchoNous, Inc.
	Do not charge the Samsung tablet inside the patient area.
	Do not connect any unauthorized equipment while using the Kosmos system.

## User guide

This user guide is intended to assist you with the safe and effective operation of KOSMOS. Before attempting to operate KOSMOS, read this user guide and strictly observe all the included warnings and cautions. Also, pay special attention to the information in the chapter called **Safety**.

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A	Federal (United States) law restricts this device to sale by or on the
	order of a physician.

### Symbols in this user guide

4	Warning	A warning describes precautions to prevent injury or loss of life.
<b>A</b>	Caution	A caution describes precautions to prevent damage to the device.
	Note	A note provides supplemental information.

#### User guide conventions

The following style conventions are used in this guide:

- Numbered and lettered steps must be performed in a specific order.
- Bulleted items are lists in no specific order.
- KOSMOS touch screen icons and buttons are indicated in bold, such as **SCAN**.
- The word:
  - Tap refers to touching the screen quickly with your finger
  - **Double tap** refers to touching the screen two times in quick succession with your finger
  - **Drag** refers to touching the screen with your finger and then moving your finger across the screen
  - Swipe refers to moving your finger across the screen quickly
  - Pinch refers to moving two fingers in a pinch motion or pinch release motion across the screen

- **Check** refers to tapping a check box to enable the associated function
- Clear refers to tapping a check box to disable the associated function
- Select refers to tapping a menu item from a menu list
- Links to other sections within the guide appear bold and colored, such as the cross reference, see **Imaging modes**.

--End of Section --

## EchoNous customer support

Contact customer support:

**Phone**: 844-854-0800

Fax: 425-242-5553

Email: info@echonous.com

Web: www.echonous.com

## **KOSMOS** Overview

## What is KOSMOS?

KOSMOS consists of Kosmos Torso-One connected by cable to a Samsung S6 tablet which runs the EchoNous Kosmos : Ultrasound App. When the display is connected to Kosmos Torso-One, the combination is configured as a medical electrical system.

The following probe is available for the Kosmos System:

- Kosmos Torso-One:
  - A phased array ultrasound-only probe with a smaller, more streamlined form factor to help fit in between intercostal spaces.

KOSMOS provides portable ultrasound imaging and supports noninvasive Cardiac, Thoracic/lung, and abdominal ultrasound imaging.

KOSMOS uses pulse-echo ultrasound to generate real-time ultrasound images. This process involves transmitting high-frequency acoustic pulses into the body from the probe and detecting the returned signals and processing the return echoes through analog and digital processing to form real-time images of anatomy (B-mode and M-mode) and blood flow (Color Doppler).

KOSMOS provides optional wireless connectivity, allowing remote storage.

## **KOSMOS** clinical applications

KOSMOS is for non-invasive imaging of the human body and is intended for the following applications:

- Cardiac
- Thoracic/Lung

Abdominal

## Training

KOSMOS is intended to be used by clinicians with appropriate professional qualifications and clinical training.

All users should read the generic ALARA education program supplied with KOSMOS (see *ISBN 1-932962-30-1, Medical Ultrasound Safety* on the USB flash drive) or the Health Canada *Guidelines for the Safe Use of Diagnostic Ultrasound* available on the Health Canada website. This program outlines the guiding principle for diagnostic ultrasound, where the qualified user keeps ultrasound exposure to "as low as reasonably achievable" while performing a diagnostic examination.

In addition to the above, users intending to use the ultrasound imaging function must have appropriate training in ultrasound. Appropriate information on training may be obtained by contacting EchoNous or your local professional body.

## **KOSMOS** classifications

- The Samsung S6 display has an internal battery which allows operation when AC power is not available.
- Kosmos Torso-One is Type BF Applied Parts. The Applied Parts include:
  - The lens (front surface) of Kosmos Torso-One
- Kosmos Torso-One is IPx7

## Patient environment

KOSMOS is intended to be used in a medical facility. Charging the tablet with a Samsung charger should be avoided in the patient environment.



Scanning cannot be performed while the Samsung tablet is plugged into the power supply and charging.

## KOSMOS capabilities

#### Overview

KOSMOS uses ultrasound imaging to permit a clinical assessment of the key cardiac structures, including the heart chambers, heart valves, and major heart vessels for adult and pediatric patients. As part of this clinical assessment, KOSMOS permits visualization of blood flow using color Doppler technology.

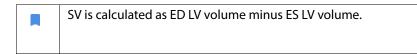
### Using Al-assisted EF workflow to calculate ejection fraction

The KOSMOS AI-assisted EF workflow can help guide you through the calculation of left ventricular (LV) ejection fraction (EF). KOSMOS uses a guided workflow to record the necessary clips. The recorded clips are then used by AI to provide an initial calculation of the EF with results that you can review and adjust if you need to.

More specifically, KOSMOS AI provides an initial calculation of the EF, which is based on identifying the end-diastolic (ED) and end-systolic (ES) frames, along with the corresponding LV contours. Those ED/ES frames and LV contours can then be adjusted (as necessary) or accepted as is.

While reviewing these frames, you can adjust them based on your analysis, while KOSMOS (using your adjustments) computes the EF and stroke volume (SV) based on the gender and age of the patient.

The **Algorithmic Trio** of Auto-labeling, Auto-grading and Auto-guidance can assist you with the A4C/A2C view acquisition, by annotating in real time key cardiac structures, grading your image based on the 5-level ACEP scale, and giving you directions on how to move your probe to optimize the A4C or A2C images.



•	Kosmos Trio is to be used for educational and training purposes only.
•	Kosmos Trio is not for clinical use.

For more information about calculating the EF workflow with KOSMOS, see Using the KOSMOS AI-assisted EF workflow.

--End of Section --

# **Using KOSMOS**

## Kosmos hardware



Contact EchoNous or your local representative for a list of accessories available from or recommended by EchoNous.

The following drawing points out key features on Kosmos Torso-One.

## Kosmos Torso-One



Kosmos Torso-One cable

## Downloading the Kosmos App

 To begin using Kosmos on Android, download the EchoNous Kosmos: Ultrasound App from the Google Play Store.

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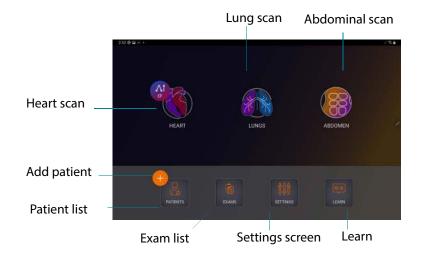
## Connecting Kosmo Torso-One

Before each use, inspect Kosmos Torso-One for damage, such as cracks, splitting, or sharp edges. If damage is evident, discontinue using Kosmos Torso-One, and contact your EchoNous representative.

- \* Connect Kosmos Torso-One via the USB port to the Samsung S6 tablet.
- \* When ready to start scanning, tap the organ of your choice to begin.

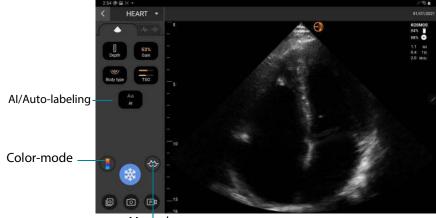
## General interaction

#### Home screen



## Learn

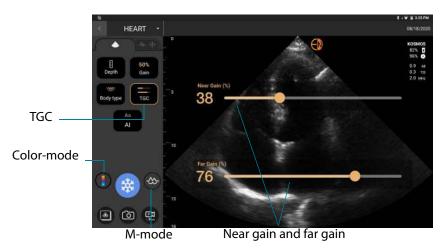
To access the how-to-videos available on YouTube, ensure your device is connected to Wi-fi and tap **Learn**.



## Imaging screen: Ultrasound tab (B-mode)

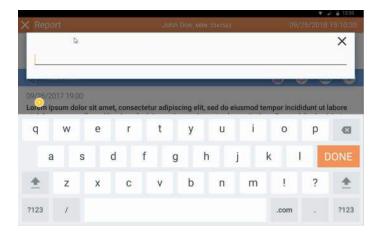
M-mode

## Ultrasound controls



## On-screen keyboard

When filling out patient forms or configuring settings in KOSMOS, you can type text by tapping the text field you want to edit. An on-screen keyboard appears.



## Configuring KOSMOS settings

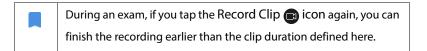
Once you've configured your system settings, they remain as you set them whenever you log back on to the Kosmos App.

#### Setting imaging preferences

The Imaging Preferences screen is where you can customize the information displayed on the Imaging screen.

To set the imaging preferences:

- 1. From the Home screen, tap **SETTINGS**.
- 2. Tap Imaging Preferences.
- **3.** To have certain information display in the top bar of the Imaging screen, tap one of the following options under **Customize information**:
  - Name of facility—Displays the name of your organization in the top bar of the imaging screen.
  - **Patient name**—Displays the patient name in the top bar of the imaging screen.
  - Patient ID—Displays the patient ID in the top bar of the imaging screen.
- 4. To configure the way KOSMOS records clips, tap one of the following options under **Record clip**:
  - Retrospective Captures frames from the cine buffer when you tap the Clip icon. KOSMOS captures cine buffer frames for the number of seconds.
  - **Prospective**—Captures frames after you tap the Record Clip icon. KOSMOS captures frames for the number of seconds.
- 5. To set how long the clips record, select a time from the Clip duration area.



- **6.** To adjust the horizontal screen split between M-Mode and B-mode, select from the following options under **M-Mode layout**:
  - **1:2**—Tap this option to adjust the screen split so the M-Mode area is twice as big as B-mode.
  - **1:1**—Tap this option to adjust the screen split so that the M-Mode and B-mode areas are equal.
- 7. From the Thermal index display area, select from the following:
  - TIS—Thermal index for soft tissue
  - **TIB**—Thermal index with bone near the focus
- 8. Select the cardiac imaging orientation preset
  - Select Left or Right orientation

## Configuring administrator preferences

Only the KOSMOS Administrator can configure these settings.

## Managing PACS archives

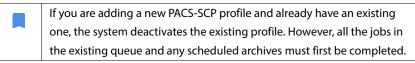


- New systems do not come with any configured profiles.
- You cannot have two PACS profiles active at the same time;
- when you add a new profile, the current one is deactivated.

#### Adding a profile

To add a PACS profile:

- 1. From the Home screen, tap **SETTINGS**.
- 2. Tap Admin > DICOM > **PACS archive**.
- 3. Tap ADD PROFILE.



- 4. Type the following information in the **DICOM connection** area:
  - Station AE title—KOSMOS' Application Entity title
  - Server AE title—Archive server's Application Entity title
  - Server IP address—Archive server's unique identifier
  - Server port number—Archive server's port number
- **5.** To make sure the connection is working on an active profile, tap one of the following:
  - **PING** to test the network connection between KOSMOS and the PACS archive
  - Verify to check the availability of the active PACS archive.

The results are displayed on-screen.

- 6. In the **Profile nickname** box, type a unique name to display in the PACS profile list.
- 7. In the Archival options area, you have two options:
  - Prompt options every time Switched on by default; each time you tap the Archive button from the Exam review screen, a pop-up menu with different options displays. If you turn the switch off, KOSMOS does not display the pop-up menu.
  - **Attach report**—Switched off by default. If you turn it on, KOSMOS attaches a report to the archive.
- 8. In the Auto archive area, select from the following options:
  - **On/Off**—The auto archive is switched off by default. This means that all the controls (except the on/off switch) are disabled and cannot be edited. If you turn the switch on, all the controls are enabled and can be edited.
  - Archival frequency
    - Completion of exam—The archival time selector is disabled.
    - **Daily**—Only the time section of the archival time selector is enabled.
    - Weekly—The complete archival time selector is enabled

• Archival time—Select a daily time and day to archive exams.



If you turn on auto archive, make sure the Kosmos App is always running in the background. Closing the Kosmos App will pause the archives. Go to Job Queue to resume or retry if job(s) are not successfully archived.

- 9. In the SCU timeout (in seconds) area, select 10, 15, or 30.
- 10. In the SCP timeout (in seconds) area, select 10, 15, or 30.
- 11. In the Retry interval (in seconds) area, select 60, 300, or 600.
- To have the system automatically retry failed jobs, keep the switch set to On; otherwise, slide it to Off.

#### **Deactivating a profile**

To activate or deactivate a profile, in the **PACS archive** list, tap the switch to toggle between **Active** and **Inactive**.

#### **Deleting a profile**

To delete a PACS profile:



Deleting a PACS profile also deletes all configurations of the profile. There must be an active PACS profile before you can archive any exams.

- 1. From the Home screen, tap **Settings**.
- 2. Tap Admin > DICOM > PACS archive.
- **3.** From the list of profiles, tap to slide the arrow to the left of the profile you would like to delete.
- 4. Tap the **Delete** icon.

## Managing MWL

•	New systems do not come with any configured profiles.
•	You cannot have two MWL profiles active at the same time; when you add a new profile, the current one is deactivated.

### Adding a profile

To add a MWL profile:

- 1. From the Home screen, tap **SETTINGS**.
- 2. Tap Admin > DICOM > MWL.
- 3. Tap ADD PROFILE.

If you are adding a new MWL profile and already have an existing one, the system deactivates the existing profile.

- 4. Type the following information in the **DICOM connection** area:
  - Station AE title—KOSMOS' Application Entity title
  - Server AE title—Archive server's Application Entity title
  - Server IP address—Archive server's unique identifier
  - Server port number—Archive server's port number
- **5.** To make sure the connection is working on an active profile, tap one of the following:
  - PING to test the network connection between KOSMOS and the MWL server
  - Verify to check the availability of the active MWL server.
  - The results are displayed on-screen.
- 6. In the **Profile nickname** box, type a unique name to display in the MWL profile list.

#### **Deactivating a profile**

To activate or deactivate a profile, in the **MWL** list, tap the switch to toggle between **Active** and **Inactive**.

#### **Deleting a profile**

To delete a MWL profile:



- 1. From the Home screen, tap **Settings**.
- **2**. Tap Admin > DICOM > **MWL**.
- 3. From the list of profiles, tap to slide the arrow to the left of the profile you would like to delete.
- 4. Tap the **Delete** icon.

#### Viewing information about KOSMOS

To view information about KOSMOS:

- 1. From the Home screen, tap **Settings**.
- 2. Tap About.
- 3. If you have not yet registered KOSMOS, tap Register.
- 4. To run the transducer element check tap TEST.

#### **Registering KOSMOS**

To register KOSMOS to the EchoNous cloud:

- 1. Make sure you are connected to your network (see IT Network).
- 2. From the Home screen, tap Settings.
- 3. Tap About.
- 4. Tap REGISTER.

## Wireless networking

#### Functions

You can connect KOSMOS to an IT network to perform the following:

- Storing exam data (static images and clips) acquired by KOSMOS in Picture Archiving and Communication System (PACS) by DICOM communication.
- Setting KOSMOS time correctly by inquiring the network time service.

## **Connection specifications**

#### Hardware specification

802.11 a/b/g/n/ac, Bluetooth 4.2 or later

#### **Software Specification**

KOSMOS is connected to PACS by the DICOM standard. For details, refer to the DICOM Conformance Statement that is on the USB flash drive.

--End of Section --

#### **Use Restriction**

This device is restricted to indoor use when operating in the 5150 to 5350 MHz frequency range. This restriction applies in: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, EL, ES, FI, FR, HR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, LV, MT, NL, NO, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, UK.

-- End of Section --

# Performing an Exam

## Overview

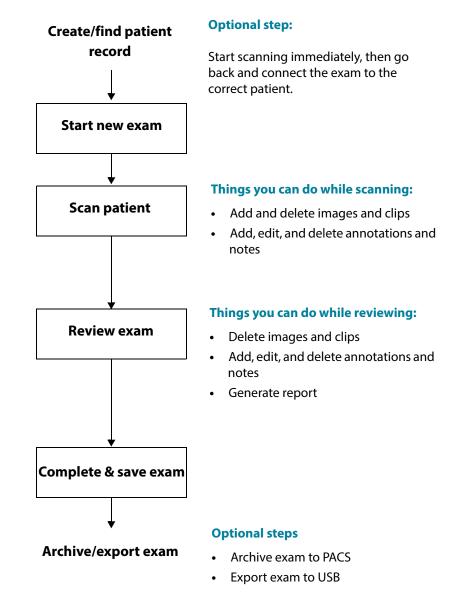
A	Before using KOSMOS for a critical procedure, such as needle guidance, make sure it is fully charged. You do not want the procedure interrupted by a drained battery, which may cause harm to the patient.
A	The maximum temperature of the Kosmos Torso-One scan head may be greater than (41C) but is less than (43C) when in contact with the patient for normal use. Special precautions should be considered when using the transducer on children or on other patients who are sensitive to higher temperatures.
<b>A</b>	To reduce the risk of infection, use sterile sheaths when conducting needle procedures.
A	To avoid a mix-up of patient data, complete the exam before examining a new patient.

With KOSMOS, there are three primary workflows; click one of the links to go to that workflow:

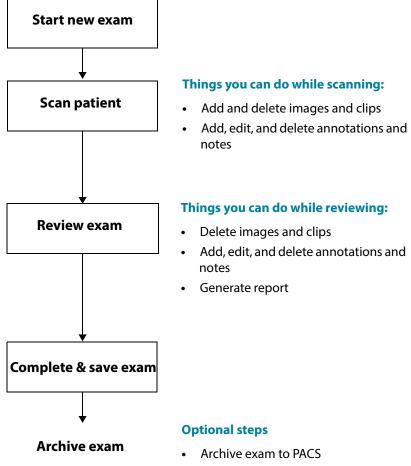
- **Standard workflow** starts with either creating a patient or searching for an existing patient.
- **Quick workflow** starts with scanning a patient.
- Al-assisted EF workflow uses AI to perform initial EF calculations.

## Exam workflows

## Standard workflow

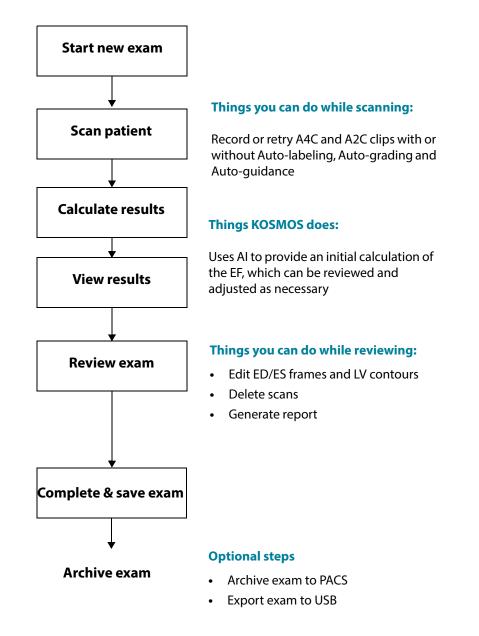


## Quick workflow



• Export exam to USB

#### AI-assisted EF workflow



## Managing exams

## Starting an exam

There are several ways you can start an exam:

• To start scanning immediately, from the Home screen, tap a scan type.

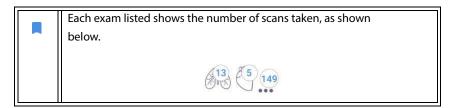
When you save the exam, KOSMOS automatically generates a temporary ID and saves the images/clips to the temporary ID.

- From the Home screen, tap **EXAMS**, and tap the Add 😑 icon.
- From the Patient screen, tap SCAN.
- From the Patient review screen, tap START EXAM.
- From the Exam list, tap **START EXAM**.

## Searching for an exam

To search for an exam:

- 1. From the Exam screen, tap the Search Q icon.
- 2. Type the search criteria, such as date, patient name, DOB, or MRN.
- 3. From the list of search results, tap the exam you want to view.



## **Deleting exams**

To delete one or more exams:

- 1. From the list of exams, tap one or more circles to the left of the exam. The circle turns into a check mark, showing it is selected.
- 2. Tap the Trash 👕 icon.

3. At the prompt, tap **OK**.

To delete all the empty exams (those without images/clips):

- 1. From the list of exams, tap the More options i con.
- 2. Tap Delete all empty exams.
- 3. At the prompt, tap OK.

#### Completing exams

To avoid mixing up images and clips saved from multiple patients, make sure to complete an exam.

To complete an exam:

- 1. From the Imaging screen, tap the Exam review 🔊 icon.
- 2. Tap Complete.
- 3. At the prompt, tap OK.

## Managing patient data

## Adding a new patient

To add a new patient from the Home screen:

- 1. From the Home screen, tap the Add 😑 icon on the **PATIENTS** button.
- 2. Enter the patient information.
- 3. Optionally, you can enter exam information.
- 4. Tap SCAN when you are done.

#### Accessing patient information using MWL

If you are connected to a healthcare information system and MWL is set up on your Kosmos, you can access patient information

1. From the Home screen, tap the **PATIENTS** button.

- 2. Tap the MWL button. Tap the 💽 icon to see the entire list.
- 3. Tap the 📰 icon to search for a specific patient.
- 4. Tap **SCAN** to start scanning

## Searching for a patient

To search for a patient:

- 1. From the Home screen, tap **PATIENTS**.
- 2. Tap the Search **Q** icon.
- 3. Type the search criteria for the patient you are looking for, such as name, date of birth, or medical record number.
- 4. Select the patient from the search result list, and tap **DONE**.

## Changing to another patient

To change to or add a new patient when you have already started an exam:

- 1. From the New Exam screen, tap CHANGE.
- 2. Do one of the following:
  - To change to another patient, tap ADD NEW, and complete the patient form.
  - To look for an existing patients, tap **SEARCH HISTORY**, use the search tool to find the patient, and tap the patient name from the list.

## Editing a patient record

To edit a patient record:

- 1. From the Home screen, tap **PATIENTS**.
- 2. From the Patient list, double-tap the patient record you want to edit.
- 3. Enter the patient information, and tap **SAVE** when you are done.

## Merging two patient records

If you have saved multiple patients with the same name, and they are actually the same patient, you can merge all the exams of that patient into one patient record so it is easier to keep track of that patient.



You cannot merge temporary patients.

In order to merge two patients, make sure the following fields are complete:

- First name
- Last name
- DOB
- Gender

To merge two patient records:

- 1. From the Home screen, tap **PATIENTS**.
- 2. Tap to select one of the patients.
- 3. From the Patient review screen, tap the More options : icon.
- 4. Tap Merge to patient.
- 5. From the list, tap the other patient you want to merge.
- 6. Tap NEXT.
- 7. Tap the fields to keep for the patient.
- 8. Tap MERGE, then tap OK.

## Deleting patient records

To delete all patient records without exams:

- 1. From the Home screen, tap **PATIENTS**.
- **2**. Tap the More options **i** icon.
- 3. Tap Delete all patients without exams.

To delete selected patient records:

- 1. From the Home screen, tap **PATIENTS**.
- 2. Tap one or more patient names from patient list.
- 3. Tap the Trash 👕 icon.

## **Imaging modes**

## B-mode

B-mode is the system's default imaging mode. The system displays echoes in two dimensions by assigning a brightness level based on the echo signal amplitude.



M-mode

## M-mode

M-mode is also known as Motion Mode. It provides a trace of the image displayed over time. A single beam of ultrasound is transmitted, and reflected signals are displayed as dots of varying intensities, which create lines across the screen.

When M-mode is turned on, the screen splits to show B-mode as well as M-mode. You can adjust body type, depth, and gain (similar to B-mode) along with M-mode specific controls like M-line and sweep speed.



★ To start M-mode, tap the M-mode 👧 icon.

#### **M-Line**

To move the M-Line, use your finger to change to M-mode, tap the M drag the M-Line to the location you want.

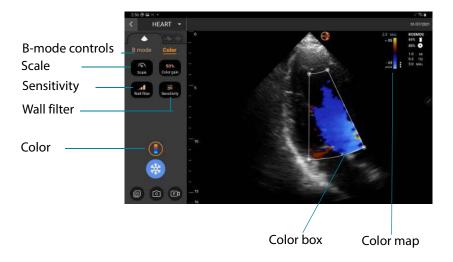
#### Sweep speed

You can change the sweep speed to isolate individual motions.

 To change the M-Mode sweep speed, tap Speed, and adjust it to your preferences.

## Color-mode

Color-mode is used to visualize the presence, velocity, and direction of blood flow in a wide range of flow states.



When using KOSMOS, you can turn color-mode on and off without it interfering with the system's color acquisition.

\* To turn Color-mode on and off, tap the Color 💽 icon.

## **Color box**

You can move and resize the color box during imaging. The maximum axial and lateral size of the box may be limited depending on the organ, depth, or other settings.

- To move the color box, drag it to another position.
- To resize the color box, move one of the corners to make it either taller or wider.

## **B-mode controls**

The B-mode controls are hidden, and you can switch back and forth between the B-mode and Color-mode controls.

**\*** To see the B-mode controls, tap **B-mode**.

#### Scale

Scale changes the pulse repetition frequency that defines the velocity scale with the range shown at the top and bottom of the color map.

\* To change the scale, tap **Scale**.

#### Sensitivity

Three sensitivity range selections are available to optimize for low, medium, and high range.

\* To change the sensitivity, tap **Sensitivity**, and select an option.

#### Wall filter

With the wall filter, the higher the level, the more it blocks the low-frequency flow.

 To change the wall filter, tap Wall filter, and set the appropriate lowfrequency flow.

#### **Color map**

To change the heart color map:

- 1. Tap the : icon next to the color map on the right side of the screen.
- 2. Select the color map you like.
- 3. To invert the color map, select the check box, and tap OK to save the changes

## Image mode controls

## **Flipping an image**

You can only flip an image when you are scanning the heart.

\* To flip the image, double-tap the orientation marker.

## Adjusting body type

In KOSMOS, body type is used to adjust the penetration level.

There are three levels of adjustment:

- Small
- Medium (default)
- Large

When you adjust the body type, it changes the penetration signal for the ultrasound parameters, so if you have a patient with a larger body mass index (BMI), you will want to set the body type to large.

\* To adjust body type, tap **Body type**, and select one of the three different penetration levels.

## Adjusting depth and gain

To adjust depth:

\* To increase or decrease the displayed depth, tap **Depth**, and move the Depth wheel up and down.

To adjust gain:

- To adjust gain in Color-mode and B-mode, tap **Gain**, and move the slider up and down.
- To adjust near and far gain, tap **TGC**, and move the sliders left and right. Notice the gain values automatically update as you adjust the sliders.

## Zooming in and out

- While scanning, use two fingers to pinch and expand the image area.
- To return to the default image size, tap the magnifying glass.
- Notice that the zoom factor is shown near the magnifying glass as well as the orange color of the depth scale along the side image area.
- You can freeze while zoomed (and can unzoom and zoom while frozen).

## **Freezing an image**

To freeze an image, tap the Freeze icon.
 The annotation tools automatically display on the left side of the screen.

## Using the KOSMOS AI-assisted EF workflow

The AI-assisted EF workflow guides you through the steps of data acquisition followed by an AI-based initial EF calculation which is based on the American Society of Echocardiography (ASE)-recommended modified Simpson's method of disks (Lang 2005, 2015). The initial LV contours are produced with AI trained, expert-annotated LV contours (Ronneberger 2015). You can then review the initial AI results (which include the ED/ES frames along with the corresponding LV contours), and adjust them, as necessary.

## The Trio: Auto-labeling, Auto-Grading and Auto-Guidance

The Trio of Auto-labeling, Auto-grading and Auto-guidance can assist you in real time with the acquisition of the A4C and A2C views by:

- Annotating key cardiac structures
- Grading images based on the 5-level ACEP scale
- Providing directions on how to move your probe to optimize the A4C or A2C images
- To activate any or all three of the Auto-labeling, Auto-grading or Autoguidance functions, tap the Trio button and select the tools you would like to use as shown in **Figure 1**

Kosmos Trio is to be used for educational and training purposes only.



Kosmos Trio is not for clinical use.

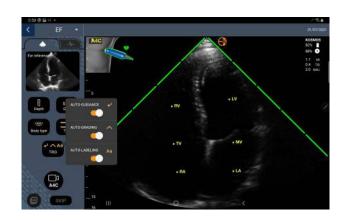


FIGURE 1. Trio: Auto-labeling, Auto-grading and Auto-guidance

Figure 1 shows an example of Trio with all three algorithms activated.

First, key cardiac structures including the 4 heart chambers along with the mitral and tricuspid valves are provided by the Auto-labeling tool.

Second, the 4 green bars on the two sides of the sector represent the output of the Auto-grading tool and indicate an image quality of 4 out of the maximum image quality of 5 per the 5-level ACEP scale. Based on the ACEP scale, image quality of 1 and 2 is non-diagnostic, whereas image quality of 3, 4, and 5 is diagnostic.

Third, **Figure 1** features Auto-guidance by including a graphic showing the probe in the context of a patient torso and indicating probe motion for optimizing the A4C view along with the corresponding text.

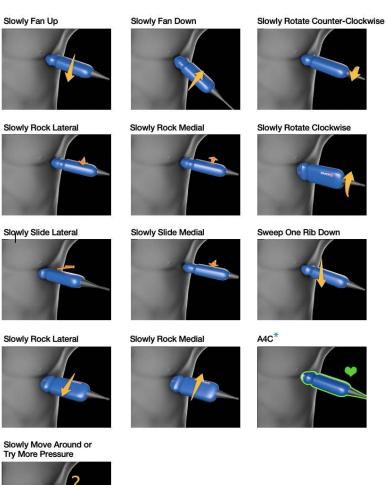
The pictures indicating probe motions and the corresponding phrases provided by the Auto-guidance algorithm during A4C acquisition are shown in **Figure 2**. Note that all the pictures and corresponding phrases in **Figure 2**, can also be

shown during A2C acquisition except for the one picture corresponding to the A4C view. There are three additional pictures and corresponding phrases shown in **Figure 3** that are exclusive to A2C acquisition.

Also, note that there is one picture in **Figure 2** that can be shown with two different phrases "Slowly Move Around" and "Try More Pressure". The two different phrases correspond to different scenarios identified by the Auto-guidance algorithm.

- **Slowly Move Around:** You will get this message when there are no discernible cardiac structures shown in the image or when imaging the heart from non-apical windows
- **Try More Pressure:** You will get this message when there are few cardiac structures shown in the image but are not clearly visible.

All pictures depicted in **Figure 2** and **Figure 3** are shown on the Kosmos Bridge in the form of animations to better convey probe motion.



# FIGURE 2. Pictures Indicating Probe Motions and Corresponding Phrases during A4C and A2C Acquisitions





\*Only for the A4C view



# FIGURE 3. Pictures Indicating Probe Motions and Corresponding Phrases Exclusive to A2C Acquisitions



#### Slowly Fan Down





A2C



## Calculating EF with the Al-assisted EF workflow

To calculate EF:

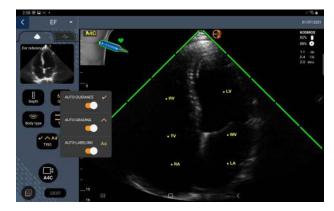
1. From the home screen, tap the Al icon.

Tap to start the Al-assisted EF workflow



When you tap the Heart Al icon, KOSMOS creates a new exam that includes this EF scan.

2. After you have a good A4C view of the patient, tap **A4C** to acquire a clip. To activate any or all three of the Auto-labeling, Auto-grading and Auto-guidance tools, tap the Trio button and activate the desired tools.



- 3. If you are not satisfied with the recorded clip, tap **Try again** to acquire a new clip, or tap **Accept** to proceed (after four seconds, KOSMOS automatically accepts the clip).
- 4. Tap **SKIP** to see the A4C results, or continue with the A2C acquisition.

We recommend that you take both A4C and A2C clips for more accurate calculations.

- 5. After you have a good A2C view of the patient, tap A2C to acquire a clip.
- If you are not satisfied with the recorded clip, tap Try again to acquire a new clip, or tap Accept to see the A4C/A2C (biplane) results (after four seconds, KOSMOS automatically accepts the clip).

Now that when the A4C and A2C clips are recorded and accepted, the system selects the ED and ES frames, draws the corresponding LV contours, and calculates the biplane EF using the modified Simpson's method of disks (20 disks are used in the calculation).

## Reviewing/adjusting the ED/ES frames and LV contours

When reviewing the initial AI calculations for ED/ES frames and LV contours, you can adjust just the frames, the LV contours, or both before saving the results. If you do not make any changes, the AI calculations become the final result.

To adjust the ED/ES frames:

1. From the Results screen, tap **Edit** or one of the thumbnail images. You can also tap **REVIEW** to review previously acquired scans.

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	🗟 EF	(3 SV *		
	67 %	59 ml		
Only applicable when AI (Aortic Insufficiency) and MR (Mitral Valve Regurgitation) are absent.				
1		Edit as required 🕨 🖍 EDIT 👘 RET	VIEW	

2. Depending on which clip you'd like to edit, tap the A4C clip or A2C clip tab.

3. To set a different ED or ES frame, move the orange Seek button to the desired location, and tap **SET ED** or **SET ES**.



- 4. To return to the original AI calculations, tap the More options : icon and then **Reset**.
- 5. If desired, make changes to the other clip (A4C or A2C), and tap SAVE.

To adjust the LV contours:



• If you are wearing gloves while editing the LV contours, make sure they are snug against your fingertips/nails.

- Having gel on your fingers may hinder using the touchscreen effectively. Make sure to wipe the touchscreen regularly.
- 1. From the Results screen, tap one of the four images to go to that image. If you don't specify which image you want, KOSMOS defaults to the A4C frame.
- 2. Depending on which clip you'd like to adjust, tap the A4C clip or A2C clip tab.
- 3. Tap the A4C clip or A2C clip tab to select an ED or ES frame.
- 4. Tap the LV contour.



The LV contour becomes adjustable, and the color changes to orange.

5. Select one or more control points and move them.

Notice the calculations are updated as you change the contour.

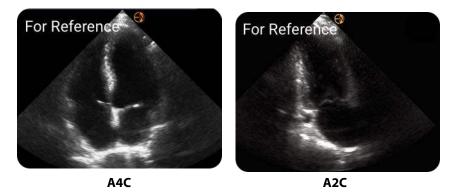
- 6. After you are done editing, tap **Finish editing**.
- 7. If desired, make more changes.
- 8. Tap **SAVE**.

# Recommendations for acquiring optimal A4C and A2C clips for accurate EF calculations

EchoNous recommends the following:

• The patient should be lying on their side in the left lateral position (the left side of the patient is touching the scanning table).

Shown below are examples of clinically acceptable A4C and A2C reference images on the top left of the imaging screen:



- For an A4C clip, ensure all four cardiac chambers (left ventricle, left atrium, right ventricle, and right atrium) are captured in the ultrasound image (see the A4C reference image above).
- For an A2C clip, ensure both left ventricle and left atrium are captured in the ultrasound image (see the A2C reference image above).
- Adjust the body type appropriately to the patient's body profile to obtain clear A4C and A2C images.
- Ensure the endocardial border of the LV is clearly visible with the best possible contrast. Use the Body type and Gain settings to achieve a clear definition of the LV endocardial border.
- Adjust the depth so that the atria are near the bottom of the ultrasound image yet still visible (see the A4C and A2C reference images above).
- Avoid truncating the LV.
- Avoid foreshortening the LV.
- For an A4C clip, ensure the intraventricular septal wall (the wall between the left and right ventricles) is vertical (see the A4C reference image above).
- For an A4C clip, ensure that the orange marker on Kosmos Torso-One is pointed towards the scanning table to avoid acquiring a mirrored view.
- Once you have obtained a proper A4C view, rotate the probe 90 degrees counterclockwise to find the A2C view.
- Ask the patient to hold their breath while recording the clip.
- Make sure to review the results for correctness of ED/ES frames and LV contours and, using the KOSMOS editing tool, adjust as needed.

# Error conditions and system notifications for KOSMOS Al-assisted EF workflow

• If the resulting EF scan (initial and/or with edits) is out of the 0%-100% range, you will not be able to save the EF result in the report or export/archive the scan.

You will first need to edit the ED/ES frames and corresponding LV contours to produce a valid EF. Then you will be able to save the results and export/ archive the scan.

- KOSMOS will prompt you to edit the results or scan again if any of the following conditions are met:
  - ESV > 400 ml
  - EDV > 500 ml
  - Difference between A4C and A2C EF is more than 30%

## Acquiring images and clips

To acquire an image:

To acquire a clip:

★ From the Imaging screen, tap the Save clip 
icon.

## Completing an exam

- 1. From the Imaging screen, tap the Exam review **o** icon.
- 2. Tap COMPLETE.

If you do not tap **COMPLETE** from the Exam review screen, KOSMOS automatically completes the exam:

- When you start a new exam
- When you archive the in-progress exam

- After a few minutes
- When the app is closed
- If another app is open and the Kosmos app goes in the background

-- End of Section --

# CHAPTER 5 Reviewing an Exam

Once you have completed an exam, you cannot add any images to it; however, before archiving the exam, you can add, edit, and delete any annotations you have saved.

Once the archive process begins, you will not be able to make edits to the exam.

## Starting an exam review

- To start a review during an exam, tap the Exam review sicon.
- To start a review for a completed exam, do one of the following:
  - From the Home screen, tap **EXAMS**, then tap the exam you would like to review.
  - From the list of patients, find the patient, then tap the exam you would like to review.

## Annotating images and clips

You can add annotations during the exam when the image is frozen or after you have completed the exam. All annotations are saved as overlays on the image or clip.



## Navigating to the Edit Image screen

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To navigate to the Edit Image or Edit Clips screen:

Annotation tools

While scanning a patient:

- 1. Tap the Freeze 💽 icon.
- 2. Add your annotations.
- 3. Tap the Save image 👩 or Save clip 🝙 icon.

After scanning a patient:

- 1. Tap the Exam review 🔊 icon.
- 2. Tap the image/clip you want to annotate.
- 3. Tap the Edit 🧪 icon.

From the Home screen:

- 1. Tap **Exam**.
- 2. Tap the exam row that you want to edit.
- 3. Tap the clip you want to annotate.
- 4. Tap the Edit 🧪 icon.

From the Patient screen:

- 1. Tap a patient from the list.
- 2. Tap the exam.
- 3. Tap the image/clip you want to annotate.
- 4. Tap the Edit 🧪 icon.

## Annotation tools

Annotations can be added to individual images and clips.

When you add an annotation (text, measurements, arrow, area) to a clip or a cine, they persist through all frames.

You can also hide the overlay of the annotations you make by tapping the Hide overlay 🚫 icon on saved images and clips.

## Auto-labeling tool

When you are scanning the heart (including scanning in the AI-assisted EF workflow), there is an auto labeling tool that helps you identify parts of the

heart. The labels that appear while scanning are only there while you are scanning; after you save the image or clip, the labels will not be there.



Do not rely on the heart auto-labeling tool for diagnostic purposes. Auto labels help train and provide you with a quick orientation to the anatomy of the heart. Use your judgment to ensure annotations are correct.



Kosmos Trio is to be used for educational and training purposes only.



Kosmos Trio is not for clinical use.

This feature provides real-time automated annotation/labeling of key cardiac structures in parasternal/apical cardiac views and the apical four-chamber

subcostal view. Key cardiac structures include heart chambers, valves great vessels, papillary muscles, septums, and inflow/outflow ventricular tracts.

#### TABLE 5-1. Anatomical structures for heart Imaging screen

Imaging screen (heart)	Anatomical structure*
A2C	LA, LV, MV
A3C (APLAX)	AO, LA, LV, LVOT, MV
A4C	AO, LA, LV, LVOT, MV, RA, RV, TV
A5C	LA, LV, LVOT, MV, RA, RV, TV, AO
PLAX	AO, AV, IVS, LA, LV, MV, RV
RVOT	MPA, PV, RVOT
RVIT	IVC, RA, RV, TV
PSAX-AV	AV, LA, MPA, PV, RA, RV, TV
PSAX-MV	IVS, LV, MV, RV
PSAX-PM	AL-PAP, IVS, LV, PM-PAP, RV
PSAX-AP	IVS, LV, RV
Subcostal-4C	LA, Liver, LV, RA, RV

- \* **AL-PAP** = antereolateral papillary muscle
  - AO = aorta
    AV = aortic valve
    IVC = inferior vena cava
    IVS = interventricular aeptum
    LA = left atrium
    LV = left ventricle
    LVOT = left ventricle outflow tract
    MPA = main pulmonary artery
    MV = mitral valve
    PM-PAP = postero-medial papillary muscle
    PV = pulmonary valve
    RA = right atrium
    RV = right ventricle

**RVOT** = right ventricle outflow tract **TV** = tricuspid valve

To turn on auto-labeling:

- 1. From the Imaging screen, tap the **AI** button.
- 2. In the pop-up window, turn on the switch.



## Measuring with the caliper tool

You can add up to two calipers per image/clip.

When a caliper is not selected and you start dragging one of the two end points of the caliper, the caliper will become selected and will resize based on where you are dragging it.

To place a measurement:

- 1. From the Edit image or Edit clip screen, tap **DISTANCE**, and a caliper appears in the center of the image or clip.
- 2. Tap to select the caliper.



Notice that the distance of the caliper displays in the legend on the upper left side of the screen. If you have multiple calipers, they display in different colors.

3. To resize the caliper, tap and drag one of its end points.

- 4. To move the caliper, tap anywhere on the caliper except the two end points.
- 5. To clear the caliper, tap an empty area outside it.

## Zooming in and out

Use two fingers to pinch and expand the image area. To return to "normal" tap the magnifying glass. Also, zoom factor is shown near magnifying glass as well as orange color of depth scale along the side. Can freeze while zoomed (and can unzoom and zoom in frozen state).

## **Deleting annotations**

- **\*** To delete one annotation, tap the annotation to select it, then tap **DELETE**.
- \* To delete all the annotations you have made, tap **CLEAR ALL**.

## Managing images and clips

## Filtering images and clips

When you review an exam, all the images and clips, regardless of the scan type (lung, heart, abdomen) are visible in the thumbnail list.





You can filter images and clips in the following ways:

- Drag and pull the thumbnail list down to reveal the filter options.
- Tap the Filter icon on top of the thumbnail list to reveal the filter options.
- Tap the More options : icon in the title bar, and tap **Filter images and clips**. When the filter options are visible, a blue check icon will be shown next to **Filter images and clips**.

When you select a filter, only the tagged images/clips are visible in the thumbnail list. You can tag images/clips by tapping the star icon under each image/clip in the thumbnail list so the star turns yellow.

To dismiss the filters you have selected, tap the More options : icon, then tap the **Filter images and clips** again to remove the filters.

## Selecting images and clips

To select images and clips:

- 1. Tap the More options : icon, and tap Select images and clips.
- 2. Select the images and clips you want. A gray check will appear in the top right corner of the thumbnail.
- **3.** Optionally, tap the check on the thumbnail; it turns red, and a numbered circle displays to indicate how many images and clips you have selected. To clear the red check, tap it again.

To clear the selections, tap the More options : icon, and tap **Select images/** clips.

## Trimming and saving images and clips

To trim and save a clip:

- 1. Tap the Freeze 💽 icon.
- 2. Move the right and left end points of the cine clip.
- 3. Tap the Clip 🝙 icon.

To trim and save an image:

- 1. From the Exam Review screen, find the saved clip.
- 2. Tap EDIT.
- 3. Move the right and left end points of the image.
- 4. Tap SAVE.

## Deleting images and clips

To delete selected images and clips:

- 1. Tap the More options : icon, and tap Select images/clips.
- 2. Select the images and clips you want to delete.
- 3. Tap **DELETE** and, when prompted, tap **OK**.

## Reviewing and editing a report

Reports are not yet encapsulated in the DICOM file; you can only see images and clips at this review step.

The exam report lets you review patient and exam information, text notes, audio notes, pictures that were taken, images, and clips in the exam report.

## **Opening a report**

To open a report, tap **REPORT**.

#### Editing a report

Once you've opened the report, each section is expanded for your review. You can collapse each section by tapping the arrow button. Just tap the arrow button to expand the section again.

You can edit each section of the report with the exception of the patient information. This is read-only and cannot be changed.

#### **Editing exam information**

The exam information section displays the exam related information that was entered before the scan.

To edit the exam information:

1. Tap the Edit 🧪 icon.

2. Make any necessary updates to the section.

## Adding a text note

You can add text notes that will display under each scan.

To add a text note:

- 1. Tap the Add text note 👔 icon. A text box, date and time label appear under the last text note.
- 2. Using the keyboard, type the note.
- 3. Tap DONE.

## Editing a text note

To edit a text note:

- 1. Tap an existing text note. A text box containing the existing note and the keyboard displays.
- 2. Using the keyboard, edit the text note.
- 3. Tap DONE.

## Deleting a text note

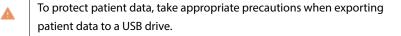
To delete a text note:

- 1. Long press an existing text note. A delete button displays.
- 2. Tap **DELETE** and, when prompted, tap **OK**.

## Exporting images and clips to a USB drive

When exporting an images and clips, use a micro USB or adapter.

You can export images and clips from one exam or multiple exams.



To e images and clips from one exam to a USB drive:

- 1. From the Home screen, tap **EXAMS**.
- 2. Tap a row to select an exam.
- **3.** Tap the bookmark icon under each of the thumbnails you would like to export. (This is an optional step and only useful if you would like to export some but not all images and clips.)
- 4. Connect the USB drive using the USB-c adapter.
- 5. Tap **EXPORT**. A dialog box appears.
- 6. Select the file type and whether you want all images and clips exported or only the tagged images and clips.
- 7. Tap **OK** to start exporting to USB drive.

To export images and clips from multiple exams to a USB drive:

- 1. From the Home screen, tap **EXAMS**.
- 2. Tap the circles next to each exam you would like to export.
- 3. Connect the USB drive using the USB-c adapter.
- 4. Tap the Export  $\psi$  icon on the top of the screen. A dialog box appears.
- 5. Select the file type and whether you want all images and clips exported or only the tagged images and clips.
- 6. Tap **OK** to start exporting to USB drive.

The following table is a legend for the exporting icons.



## Completing an exam review

To complete an exam:

- 1. Tap **COMPLETE**.
- 2. When prompted, click **OK**.

## Archiving an exam to a PACS server

After completing an exam, you can archive it to a PACS server. Once an exam is archived, you cannot edit it.

For more information about setting up a PACS server, see Managing PACS archives.

For each EF scan, multiple images/clips are archived and exported.

The following table is a legend for the archiving icons.

Exam is waiting to be archived.

Archive is in progress.

Archive is complete.

Archive failed.

You can archive an exam either from the Exam list or the Exam review screens.

To archive an exam from the Exam list screen:

- 1. From the Exam List screen, tap to select the completed exam(s) you want to archive.
- Tap the Archive sicon. The complete exam is archived according to the default archive options. For more information, see Managing PACS archives.

To archive an exam from the Exam review screen:

- 1. From the Exam review screen, tap **ARCHIVE**.
- 2. From the Archive exam to PACS server screen, select which images and clips you want to archive and if you would like to include a report.
- 3. Click **OK** and, when prompted, click **OK** again.

# Deleting an exam

To delete an exam from the Exam list:

- 1. Tap the left icon next to the exam you would like to delete. The icon turns into a check mark
- 2. Tap the Trash icon.
- 3. When prompted, tap **OK**.

To delete an exam while reviewing it:

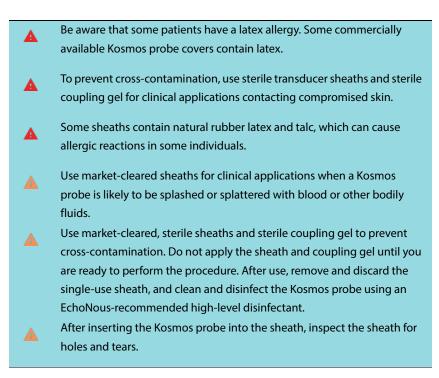
- 1. Tap the More options icon.
- 2. Tap Delete the exam.
- 3. When prompted, click **OK**.

**Reviewing an Exam** 

# **Kosmos Probes**

## Kosmos Probe sheaths

Where fluid contamination is possible, cover the probe being used Kosmos Torso-One) with an appropriate sterile sheath from CIVCO, which will promote asepsis and minimize cleaning.



# Ultrasound transmission gels

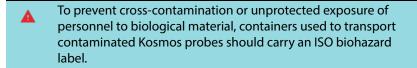
Some ultrasound gels may cause an allergic reaction in some individuals.

To prevent cross-contamination, use single-use gel packs.

EchoNous recommends the use of:

- Aquasonic 100 Ultrasound Gel, Parker
- Aquasonic Clear Ultrasound Gel, Parker
- SCAN Ultrasound Gel, Parker

# Kosmos Probe storage



## Daily storage

KOSMOS is intended to be used and stored in normal ambient conditions inside a medical facility. In addition, the packaging provided with the device may be used for long-term storage.

#### Storage for transport

KOSMOS is intended to be hand held for easy transport. Users may use the packaging supplied with the device for transport. Consult your EchoNous sales representative for information on approved bags and other accessories.

# Transducer Element Check

Every time a Kosmos probe is connected a test is run automatically to check for the integrity of the transducer elements. The test reports to the user whether all transducer elements are functioning properly (successful test), or whether failures were detected.

The same test runs automatically when the Kosmos App boots up with Kosmos Torso-One connected.

This test can also be initiated by the user in Settings > Admin > About.

-- End of Section --

**Kosmos Probes** 



Please read this information before using your ultrasound system. It applies to the device, the transducers, and the software. This section covers general safety information only. Safety information that applies only to a specific task is included in the procedure for that task.

Kosmos System is considered a medical device. This device is intended for use by, or by the order of, and under the supervision of a licensed physician qualified to direct the use of the device.

Report any serious safety incident that occurs in relation to the ultrasound system to EchoNous and to the competent authority of the country in which the user and/or patient are established.

## **Electrical safety**

## References

BS EN 60601-2-37:2008+A1:2015 Medical electrical equipment — Part 2-37: Particular requirements for the basic safety and essential performance of ultrasonic medical diagnostic and monitoring equipment

BS EN 60601-1:2006+A12:2014Medical electrical equipment – Part 1: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance

BS EN 60601-1-2:2015+A1:2021 Medical electrical equipment — Part 1-2: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance — Collateral Standard: Electromagnetic disturbances — Requirements and tests

BS EN 62304:2006+A1:2015 Medical device software — Software life-cycle processes

BS EN ISO 14971:2019 Medical devices — *Application of risk management to medical devices* 

BS EN ISO 10993-1:2020 Biological evaluation of medical devices — Part 1: Evaluation and testing within a risk management process

Lang, Roberto M., et al. *Recommendations for chamber quantification: a report from the American Society of Echocardiography's Guidelines and Standards Committee and the Chamber Quantification Writing Group, developed in conjunction with the European Association of Echocardiography, a branch of the European Society of Cardiology.* Journal of the American Society of Echocardiography 18.12 (2005): 1440-1463.

Lang, Roberto M., et al. *Recommendations for cardiac chamber quantification by echocardiography in adults: an update from the American Society of Echocardiography and the European Association of Cardiovascular Imaging.* European Heart Journal-Cardiovascular Imaging 16.3 (2015): 233-271.

Ronneberger, Olaf, Philipp Fischer, and Thomas Brox. *U-net: Convolutional networks for biomedical image segmentation*. International Conference on Medical image computing and computer-assisted intervention. Springer, Cham, 2015.

# Labeling symbols

Symbol	EchoNous Description	SDO Title Reference Number Standard
	Indicates device	Manufacturer
	manufacturer. Includes	Ref. No. 5.1.1
	name and address of the manufacturer	BS EN ISO 15223-1
		Medical devices - Symbols to
		be used with medical device
		labels, labeling and
		information to be supplied -
		Part 1: General requirements
FC	Tested to comply with FCC standards	None
<b>A</b>	Probes are tested to Type BF	TYPE BF APPLIED PART
	protection	Refer to D1.20
		BS EN 60601-1
		Medical Electrical Equipment - Part 1: General requirement for basic safety and essential performance
	Class II equipment	Class II equipment
_		Ref. No. D.1-9
		BS EN 60601-1
		Medical electrical equipment - Part 1: General
		requirements for basic safety and essential performance

$\wedge$	Safety cautions are identified	Caution
<u> </u>	with this mark on the device.	Ref. No D1.10
		BS EN 60601-1
		Medical electrical equipment
		- Part 1: General
		requirements for basic safety
		and essential performance
	Consult instructions for use	Operating instructions
<b>Ŷi</b>		Ref. No. D.1-11
		BS EN 60601-1
		Medical electrical equipment
		- Part 1: General
		requirements for basic safety
		and essential performance
X	Do not dispose of this	Separate collection Annex IX
	product in normal trash or	Waste Electrical and
	landfill; refer to local	Electronic Equipment
	regulations for disposal	(WEEE)
		Directive 2012/19/EU of the
		European Parliament
IPX7	Kosmos Torso-One is	IP Code for degree of
	protected against temporary	protection
	immersion in water.	BS EN 60529
		Degrees of protection
		provided by enclosures (IP
		Code)
L		ļ]

REF	Part or model number	Catalog number
		Ref. No. 5.1.6
		nel. NO. 3.1.0
		BS EN ISO 15223-1
		Medical devices - Symbols to
		be used with medical device
		labels, labeling and
		information to be supplied -
		Part 1: General requirements
SN	Serial number	Serial number
		Ref. No. 5.1.7
		BS EN ISO 15223-1
		Medical devices - Symbols to
		be used with medical device
		labels, labeling and
		information to be supplied -
		Part 1: General requirements
	Date of manufacture	Date of manufacture
		Ref. No. 5.1.3
		BS EN ISO 15223-1
		Medical devices - Symbols to
		be used with medical device
		labels, labeling and
		information to be supplied -
		Part 1: General requirements

I arr	Acceptable temperature	Temperature limit
3012 A	range XX is generic	Ref. No. 5.3.7
	placeholder for specified	
	temperatures	BS EN ISO 15223-1
		Medical devices - Symbols to
		be used with medical device
		labels, labeling and
		information to be supplied -
		Part 1: General requirements
۲ ۲	Acceptable humidity range	Humidity limitation
الشر	XX is generic placeholder for	Ref. No. 5.3.8
	specified percentages	BS EN ISO 15223-1
		Medical devices - Symbols to
		be used with medical device
		labels, labeling and
		information to be supplied -
		Part 1: General requirements
<u></u>	Acceptable atmospheric	Atmospheric pressure
	pressure	limitation
	range XX is generic	Ref. No. 5.3.9
	placeholder for specified kPa	BS EN ISO 15223-1
		Medical devices - Symbols to
		be used with medical device
		labels, labeling and
		information to be supplied -
		Part 1: General requirements

<u>††</u>	Stack box this way up	This way up Ref. No. 13 BS EN ISO 780
		Packaging - Distribution packaging - Graphical symbols for handling and storage of packages
	Indicates direct current	Direct current Ref. No. D.1-4 BS EN 60601-1 Medical electrical equipment - Part 1: General requirements for basic safety
$\sim$	Indicates alternating current	and essential performance Alternating current
		Ref. No. D.1-1 BS EN 60601-1 Medical electrical equipment - Part 1: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance
LOT	Batch code	Batch code Ref. No. 5.1.5 BS EN ISO 15223-1 Medical devices - Symbols to be used with medical device labels, labeling and information to be supplied - Part 1: General requirements

CUUUS E509516	UL Classified. Medical - General medical equipment as to electrical shock, fire and mechanical hazards only in accordance with ANSI/AAMI ES 60601-1 (2005) + AMD (2012) / CAN/ CSA-C22.2 No. 6060-1 (2008) + (2014). E509516	None
Rx Only	Caution: Federal law restricts this device to sale by or on the order of a physician.	Reference: USA FDA 21 CFR 801.109
<b>CE</b> 2797	A manufacturer's indication that a device is in conformity with the applicable requirements set out in EU MDR 2017/745 for CE marking, and the Notified Body reference number	CE marking of conformity Article 20, Annex V EU MDR 2017/745
MD	Medical device	Symbol for Medical Device in compliance with EU MDR directive

## **Contact information**

#### **United States**



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## **Biological safety**

#### ALARA education program

The guiding principle for the use of diagnostic ultrasound is defined by the "as low as reasonably achievable" (ALARA) principle. The decision as to what is reasonable has been left to the judgment and insight of qualified personnel (users). No set of rules can be formulated that would be sufficiently complete to dictate the correct response to every circumstance. By keeping ultrasound exposure as low as possible, while obtaining diagnostic images, users can minimize ultrasonic bioeffects.

Since the threshold for diagnostic ultrasound bioeffects is undetermined, users are responsible for controlling total energy transmitted into the patient. Reconcile exposure time with diagnostic image quality. To ensure diagnostic image quality and limit exposure time, KOSMOS provides controls that can be manipulated during the exam to optimize the results of the exam.

The ability of the user to abide by the ALARA principle is important. Advances in diagnostic ultrasound, not only in the technology but in the applications of that technology, have resulted in the need for more and better information to guide users. The output display tables are designed to provide that important information.

There are a number of variables which affect the way in which the output display tables can be used to implement the ALARA principle. These variables include index values, body size, location of the bone relative to the focal point, attenuation in the body, and ultrasound exposure time. Exposure time is an especially useful variable, because it is controlled by the user. The ability to limit the index values over time supports the ALARA principle.

A generic ALARA education program is supplied with KOSMOS (see enclosed ISBN 1-932962-30-1, Medical Ultrasound Safety).

## **Applying ALARA**

The KOSMOS imaging mode used depends upon the information needed. Bmode imaging provides anatomical information, while Color-mode imaging provides information about blood flow.

Understanding the nature of the imaging mode being used allows users to apply the ALARA principle with informed judgment. Additionally, the Kosmos probe frequency, setup values, scanning techniques, and experience allow users to meet the definition of the ALARA principle.

The decision as to the amount of acoustic output is, in the final analysis, up to the user. This decision must be based on the following factors: type of patient, type of exam, patient history, ease or difficulty of obtaining diagnostically useful information, and the potential localized heating of the patient due to transducer surface temperatures. Prudent use of KOSMOS occurs when patient exposure is limited to the lowest index reading for the shortest amount of time necessary to achieve acceptable diagnostic results.

Although a high index reading does not mean that a bioeffect is actually occurring, a high index reading should be taken seriously. Every effort should be made to reduce the possible effects of a high index reading. Limiting exposure time is an effective way to accomplish this goal.

There are several system controls that the operator can use to adjust the image quality and limit the acoustic intensity. These controls are related to the techniques that a user might use to implement ALARA.

#### Output display and display accuracy

#### OUTPUT DISPLAY

KOSMOS displays the two bioeffect indices prescribed by BS EN 60601-2-37. Medical electrical equipment. Part 2-37: Particular requirements for the safety of ultrasonic medical diagnostic and monitoring equipment.

The thermal index (TI), provides a measure of the expected temperature increase.

Thermal index

TI is an estimate of the temperature increase of soft tissue or bone. There are three TI categories: TIS, TIB, and TIC. However, since KOSMOS is not intended for transcranial applications, the TI for cranial bone at the surface (TIC) is not available for display on the system. The following TI categories are available for display:

- TIS: Soft tissue thermal index. The main TI category. Used for applications that do not image bone.
- TIB: Bone thermal index (bone located in a focal region).

#### MECHANICAL INDEX

MI is the estimated likelihood of tissue damage due to cavitation. The absolute maximum limits of the MI is 1.9 as set by the Guidance for Industry and FDA Staff - Marketing Clearance of Diagnostic Ultrasound Systems and Transducers (2019).

#### ISPTA

The Ispta is the Spatial Peak Temporal Average Intensity. The absolute maximum limit of Ispta is 720 mW/cm2 as set by the Guidance for Industry and FDA Staff - Marketing Clearance of Diagnostic Ultrasound Systems and Transducers (2019).

#### OUTPUT DISPLAY ACCURACY

Output display accuracy of the bioeffect indices, MI and TI, is dependent on the uncertainty and precision of the measurement system, engineering assumptions within the acoustic model used to calculate the parameters, and variability in the acoustic output of the systems. EchoNous also compares both internal and third-

party acoustic measurements and confirms that both measurements are within recommended display quantization of 0.2 as outlined by the standards.

All MI and TI values displayed on KOSMOS will not exceed the maximum global values (listed in the Track 3 acoustic output tables) by more than 0.2.

The accuracy of the MI and TI indices are as follows:

- MI: accurate to within  $\pm 25\%$  or  $\pm 0.2$ , whichever value is larger
- TI: accurate to within  $\pm 30\%$  or  $\pm 0.2$ , whichever value is larger

See acoustic output tables, TABLE 7-1. through TABLE 7-5.

#### Acoustic output tables

See next page

Index label		МІ	т	'IS	TIB	
			At surface	Below surface	At surface	Below surface
Maxir	mum index value	1.11	0.	.56	0.	56
Index component value			1: 0.30 2: 0.26	1: 0.30 2: 0.26	1: 0.30 2: 0.26	1:0.30 2:0.26
	$p_{r,lpha}$ at $z_{MI}$ (MPa)	1: 1.58				
ş	<i>P</i> (mW)			1.03 7.03		1.03 7.03
neter	<i>P<sub>1x1</sub></i> (mW)			0.42 7.46		0.42 7.46
Acoustic parameters	z <sub>s</sub> (cm)			1: 4.27 2: 4.23		
ustic	<i>z<sub>b</sub></i> (cm)					1: 3.93 2: 3.87
ē	z <sub>MI</sub> (cm)	1: 4.20				
A	$z_{pii,\alpha}$ (cm)	1: 4.20				
	f <sub>awf</sub> (MHz)	1: 2.03		2.03 2.03		2.03 2.03
ç	prr (Hz)	1:1589.5				
tio	srr (Hz)	1:28.4				
ma	n <sub>pps</sub>	1:1				
for	$I_{pa,\alpha}$ at $z_{pii,\alpha}$ (W/cm <sup>2</sup> )	1:91.28				
Other information	$I_{spta,\alpha}$ at $z_{pii,\alpha}$ or $z_{sii,\alpha}$ (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	25.13				
he	<i>I<sub>spta</sub></i> at <i>z<sub>pii</sub></i> or <i>z<sub>sii</sub></i> (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	42.50				
Ð	p <sub>r</sub> at z <sub>pii</sub> (MPa)	1: 2.13				
su	Exam	Cardiac				
litic	BMI Setting	2				
rati	Depth	16 cm				
Operating control conditions						
NOTE 1	Only one operating condition per index.	1	ada ta ala			
NOTE 3	Data should be entered for "at surface" and "be Information need not be provided regarding TI eonatal cephalic uses.					
	If the requirements of 201.12.4.2a) are met, it is rTIC.	not required t	o enter any o	data in the co	lumns related	to TIS or TIB
NOTE 5	If the requirements of 201.12.4.2b) are met, it is					
	Unshaded cells should have a numerical value. the operating control section.	The equipmer	nt setting rela	ated to the inc	dex has to be	entered in
NOTE 7	The depths $z_{pii}$ and $z_{pii,\alpha}$ apply to NON-SCANNI ODES.	NG MODES, w	hile the dept	hs z <sub>sii</sub> and z <sub>sii,</sub>	$\alpha$ apply to SC.	ANNING

## TABLE 7-1. Operating Mode: B-Mode, Combined acoustic output table: Reportable mode 1 (B-mode) Cardiac, body type 2, 16 cm

	Index label		TIS TIB			IB
			At surface	Below surface	At surface	Below surface
Max	Maximum index value		5.32	E-02	0.	11
Inde	x component value		5.32E-02	2.15E-02	5.32E-02	0.11
S	$p_{r,lpha}$ at $z_{MI}$ (MPa)	0.70				
etel	<i>P</i> (mW)			55		55
Ĕ	<i>P<sub>1x1</sub></i> (mW)		4.	11	4.	11
ara	z <sub>s</sub> (cm)			5.37		
d C	<i>z<sub>b</sub></i> (cm)					4.80
Isti	z <sub>MI</sub> (cm)	5.37				
5	$z_{pii,\alpha}$ (cm)	5.37				
Ă	f <sub>awf</sub> (MHz)	2.72	2.	72	2.	68
c	prr (Hz)	800				
ţi	srr (Hz)	N/A				
ma	n <sub>pps</sub>	1				
for	$I_{pa,\alpha}$ at $z_{pii,\alpha}$ (W/cm <sup>2</sup> )	52.08				
Ľ.	$I_{spta,\alpha}$ at $z_{pii,\alpha}$ or $z_{sii,\alpha}$ (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	16.71				
Other information Acoustic parameters	I <sub>spta</sub> at z <sub>pii</sub> or z <sub>sii</sub> (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	31.29				
δ	p <sub>r</sub> at z <sub>pii</sub> (MPa)	45.72				
Operating						
g g	5					
	1 Only one operating condition per index 2 Data should be entered for "at surface"		surface" ho	th in the col	umns relate	ed to TIS or
-	ΓIB.					
	NOTE 3 If the requirements of 201.12.4.2a) are met, it is not required to enter any data in the columns related to TIS or TIB.					
NOTE	4 If the requirements of 201.12.4.2b) are 1	met, it is not	required to	enter any o	data in the	column
	related to MI. 5 Unshaded cells should have a numerica	l value The	equinment	setting rela	ated to the	index has
t	to be entered in the operating control sec	tion.				
	6 The depths $z_{pii}$ and $z_{pii,\alpha}$ apply to NON-	SCANNING	MODES, wh	nile the dept	ths z <sub>sii</sub> and	$z_{sii,\alpha}$ apply
	to SCANNING MODES.					

## TABLE 7-2. Acoustic output reporting table: Reportable mode 3 M-mode (Cardiac, Body type: medium, 12 cm Depth)

	Index label		TIS		TIB	
			At surface	Below surface	At surface	Below surface
Maximum index value		0.39	5.33	E-02	9.70	E-02
Index component value			5.33E-02	2.12E-02	5.33E-02	9.70E-02
ň	$p_{r,\alpha}$ at $z_{MI}$ (MPa)	0.63				
te	<i>P</i> (mW)			60	4.	60
Ĕ	P <sub>1x1</sub> (mW)		4.	14	4.	14
ara	z <sub>s</sub> (cm)			5.50		
ă	<i>z<sub>b</sub></i> (cm)					4.97
stie	z <sub>MI</sub> (cm)	5.50				
Acoustic parameters	$z_{pii,\alpha}$ (cm)	5.50				
Ac	f <sub>awf</sub> (MHz)	2.70	2.	70	2.	67
-	prr (Hz)	800				
io.	srr (Hz)	N/A				
nat	n <sub>pps</sub>	1				
orn	$I_{pa,lpha}$ at $z_{pii,lpha}$ (W/cm <sup>2</sup> )	41.86				
Other information	$I_{spta,\alpha}$ at $z_{pii,\alpha}$ or $z_{sii,\alpha}$ (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	13.64				
he	I <sub>spta</sub> at z <sub>pii</sub> or z <sub>sii</sub> (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	38.22				
Ð	p <sub>r</sub> at z <sub>pii</sub> (MPa)	1.06				
б,						
ţ	5					
Operating						
g g	5					

#### TABLE 7-3. Acoustic output reporting table: Reportable mode 4 M-mode (Cardiac, Body type: medium, 14 cm Depth)

NOTE 1 Only one operating condition per index. NOTE 2 Data should be entered for "at surface" and "below surface" both in the columns related to TIS or

TIB. NOTE 3 If the requirements of 201.12.4.2a) are met, it is not required to enter any data in the columns related to TIS or TIB.

NOTE 4 If the requirements of 201.12.4.2b) are met, it is not required to enter any data in the column related to MI. NOTE 5 Unshaded cells should have a numerical value. The equipment setting related to the index has

to be entered in the operating control section.

NOTE 6 The depths  $z_{pii}$  and  $z_{pii,\alpha}$  apply to NON-SCANNING MODES, while the depths  $z_{sii}$  and  $z_{sii,\alpha}$  apply to SCANNING MODES.

	Index label		1	r <b>is</b>	TIB		
			At surface	Below surface	At surface	Below surface	
Max	Maximum index value		1	.01	1.	01	
Inde	Index component value		1: 0.06 2: 0.95	1: 0.06 2: 0.95	1: 0.06 2: 0.95	1: 0.06 2: 0.95	
	$p_{r,lpha}$ at $z_{MI}$ (MPa)	2: 1.54					
ş	<i>P</i> (mW)		2: 1	4.68 10.79	2:1	4.68 10.79	
neter	<i>P<sub>1x1</sub></i> (mW)			4.23 98.05		4.23 8.05	
Acoustic parameters	z <sub>s</sub> (cm)			1: 5.37 2: 2.03			
ustic	<i>z<sub>b</sub></i> (cm)					1: 4.80 2: 1.97	
ō	z <sub>MI</sub> (cm)	2: 2.03					
◄	$z_{pii,\alpha}$ (cm)	2: 2.03					
	f <sub>awf</sub> (MHz)	2: 2.04	1: 2.72 2: 2.04		1: 2.72 2: 2.04		
	prr (Hz)	2:4881.9					
on	srr (Hz)	2:24.8					
ati	n <sub>pps</sub>	2:16					
rm	$I_{pa,\alpha}$ at $z_{pii,\alpha}$ (W/cm <sup>2</sup> )	2: 100.0					
Other information	$I_{spta,\alpha}$ at $z_{pii,\alpha}$ or $z_{sii,\alpha}$ (mW/ cm <sup>2</sup> )	133.58					
th	I <sub>spta</sub> at z <sub>pii</sub> or z <sub>sii</sub> (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	179.65					
	p <sub>r</sub> at z <sub>pii</sub> (MPa)	2: 1.77					
Operating							
NOTE NOTE	1 Only one operating condition per i 2 Data should be entered for "at surf 3 If the requirements of 201.12.4.2a)	ace" and "bel					
NOTE NOTE NOTE	or TIB. 4 If the requirements of 201.12.4.2b) 5 Unshaded cells should have a num entered in the operating control secti 6 The depths $z_{pii}$ and $z_{pii,\alpha}$ apply to SCANNING MODES.	erical value. on.	The equipmer	nt setting relate	d to the index	has to be	

TABLE 7-4. Combined acoustic output reporting table: Reportable mode 5 B+C-mode (Abdominal, Body type: small, 12 cm depth, smallest color ROI at top)

	Index label		T	'IS	TIB		
			At surface	Below surface	At surface	Below surface	
Max	Maximum index value		1	.14	1.	14	
Index component value			1: 2.84E-02 2: 1.11	1: 2.84E-02 2: 1.11	1: 2.84E-02 2: 1.11	1: 2.84E-02 2: 1.11	
	$p_{r,lpha}$ at $z_{MI}$ (MPa)	2: 1.09					
Ņ	<i>P</i> (mW)			2.43 34.94		2.43 34.94	
Acoustic parameters	<i>P<sub>1x1</sub></i> (mW)			2.19 13.82		2.19 13.82	
parar	z <sub>s</sub> (cm)			1: 5.37 2: 3.97			
ustic	<i>z<sub>b</sub></i> (cm)					1: 4.80 2: 3.97	
õ	z <sub>MI</sub> (cm)	2: 3.97					
4	$z_{pii,\alpha}$ (cm)	2: 3.97					
	f <sub>awf</sub> (MHz)	2: 2.05	1: 2.72 2: 2.05		1: 2.72 2: 2.05		
	prr (Hz)	2:5283					
ion	srr (Hz)	2:15					
lat	n <sub>pps</sub>	2:16					
or	$I_{pa,\alpha}$ at $z_{pii,\alpha}$ (W/cm <sup>2</sup> )	2: 59.28					
Other information	$I_{spta,lpha}$ at $z_{pii,lpha}$ or $z_{sii,lpha}$ (mW/ cm <sup>2</sup> )	57.37					
Ę	I <sub>spta</sub> at z <sub>pii</sub> or z <sub>sii</sub> (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	101.13					
0	p <sub>r</sub> at z <sub>pii</sub> (MPa)	2: 1.44					
bu j	<u>^</u>						
Operating							
Der	5						
0							

#### TABLE 7-5. Combined acoustic output reporting table: Reportable mode 6 B+C-mode (Abdominal, Body type: small, 12 cm depth, largest color ROI at top)

NOTE 1 Only one operating condition per index. NOTE 2 Data should be entered for "at surface" and "below surface" both in the columns related to TIS or TIB. NOTE 3 If the requirements of 201.12.4.2a) are met, it is not required to enter any data in the columns related to TIS

NOTE 4 If the requirements of 201.12.4.2b) are met, it is not required to enter any data in the column related to MI. NOTE 5 Unshaded cells should have a numerical value. The equipment setting related to the index has to be entered in the operating control section.

NOTE 6 The depths  $z_{pii}$  and  $z_{pii,\alpha}$  apply to NON-SCANNING MODES, while the depths  $z_{sii}$  and  $z_{sii,\alpha}$  apply to SCANNING MODES.

## Measurement accuracy

Measurement accuracy for distance and area in B-mode images are as follows:

- Axial measurement accuracy: Axial distance measurements in 2D imaging modes shall be accurate to within +/- 2% of the displayed value (or 1 mm, whichever is larger).
- Lateral distance measurement accuracy: Lateral distance measurements in 2D imaging modes shall be accurate to within +/- 2% of the displayed value (or 1 mm, whichever is larger).
- Diagonal measurement accuracy: Diagonal distance measurements in 2D imaging modes shall be accurate to within +/- 2% of the displayed value (or 1 mm, whichever is larger).
- Area measurement accuracy: Area measurement accuracy in 2D imaging modes shall be +/-4% of the nominal value.

Measurement accuracy for distance and time in M-mode images are as follows:

- M-mode distance measurement: M-mode distance measurements shall be accurate to within +/- 3% of the displayed value.
- M-mode time measurement accuracy: M-mode time measurements shall be accurate to within +/- 2% of the displayed value.

#### EF measurements accuracy:

- The accuracy of the KOSMOS EF calculations depends on the correct selection of ED/ES frames and accurate tracing of the LV endocardial border. It is important to review the initial ED/ES frames and LV contours provided by the KOSMOS AI algorithms, confirm their accuracy, and edit them, as required.
  - Ensure that the selected ED/ES frames accurately represent the corresponding end-diastolic and end-systolic cardiac phases in the A4C and A2C clips. Use the editing tool to select a more appropriate frame, as required.

- Ensure that the LV contours accurately follows the LV endocardium. Use the editing tool to properly trace and adjust the LV contours.
- When possible, acquire both A4C and A2C clips to obtain a biplane A4C/A2C EF, which is more accurate than the single plane A4C EF.
- The following table shows the results of comparing KOSMOS EF calculations, without any user adjustments, to the average of manual expert measurements performed by two independent Echo Core Labs on the same A4C/A2C clips. Subjects across a wide variety of age, gender orientation, race, body habitus, and health were scanned with KOSMOS AI-assisted EF workflow in a clinical point-of-care ultrasound setting. The EFs of the subjects scanned ranged from 20% to 80%. The results below include both A4C/A2C biplane and A4C single-plane acquisitions, with the majority being biplane (A4C single-plane acquisition was sufficient when an adequate A2C view could not be obtained within a reasonable amount of time).

EF Metrics	EF Percentage Units
RMSD <sup>1</sup>	7.12 (p-value<0.0001)
Bias	-2.94
95% limits of agreement <sup>2</sup>	-15.74 / 9.85
Range	-20.32 / 13.11

TABLE 7-6. EF Comparison Metrics

<sup>1</sup>Root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) is a metric of the deviation between KOSMOS EF calculations (without any user adjustments), and the average manual expert measurements.

<sup>2</sup>95% limits of agreement are expected to include approximately 95% of the differences between KOSMOS EF calculations (without any user adjustments) and the average manual expert measurements.

## **Control effects**

KOSMOS does not provide the user with direct control of acoustic output power. KOSMOS has been designed to automatically adjust the output to ensure that acoustic limits are not exceeded in any imaging mode. Since there is no direct

user control for output, the user should rely on controlling exposure time and scanning technique to implement the ALARA principle.

## **Related references**

- U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services, Food and Drug Administration, Guidance for Industry and FDA Staff - Marketing Clearance of Diagnostic Ultrasound Systems and Transducers (2019)
- BS EN 60601-2-37:2008+A1:2015 Medical electrical equipment Part 2-37: Particular requirements for the basic safety and essential performance of ultrasonic medical diagnostic and monitoring equipment
- BS EN 62359:2011+A1:2018 Ultrasonics Field characterization Test methods for the determination of thermal and mechanical indices related to medical diagnostic ultrasonic fields (IEC 62359:2010)
- NEMA UD 2-2004 (R2009) Acoustic Output Measurement Standard for Diagnostic Ultrasound Equipment Revision 3

## Transducer surface temperature rise

TABLE 7-7. summarizes the expected maximum temperature rise for KOSMOS. The values are based on a statistical sample test of production-equivalent systems and were measured in accordance with BS EN 60601-2-37. The values listed in the table are determined with 90% confidence, that 90% of the systems will result in a temperature rise less than or equal to that stated in the table.

#### TABLE 7-7. Surface temperature rise

Test	Temperature rise ( <sup>0</sup> C)	
Still air	16.02	
Simulated use	9.85	

# Ergonomics

Repetitive ultrasound scanning may cause occasional discomfort in your thumbs, fingers, hands, arms, shoulders, eyes, neck, back, or other parts of your body. However, if you experience symptoms such as constant or recurring discomfort, soreness, pain, throbbing, aching, tingling, numbness, stiffness, burning sensation, muscle fatigue/weakness, or limited range of motion, do not ignore these warning signs. Promptly see a qualified health professional. Symptoms such as these can be linked with Work Related Musculoskeletal Disorders (WRMSDs). WRMSDs can be painful and may result in potentially disabling injuries to the nerves, muscles, tendons, or other parts of the body. Examples of WRMSDs include bursitis, tendonitis, tenosynovitis, carpal tunnel syndrome, and De Quervain syndrome. While researchers are not able to definitively answer many questions

about WRMSDs, there is a general agreement that certain factors are associated with their occurrence, including preexisting medical and physical conditions, overall health, equipment, and body position while performing work, frequency of work, and duration of work.

KOSMOS is intended for quick-look applications by qualified health professionals. It is not intended for continual use in radiology or other departments. If you need to use the device for a continual period, take the following precautions:

- Position yourself comfortably, either with a chair with appropriate lower-back support or by sitting or standing upright.
- Minimize twisting, relax your shoulders, and support your arm with a cushion.
- Hold Kosmos Torso-One lightly, keep your wrist straight, and minimize the pressure applied to the patient.

• Take regular breaks.

# Electromagnetic compatibility

A	The System complies with the Electromagnetic Compatibility						
-	requirements of AS/NZ CISPR 11:2015, BS EN 55011:2016, and EN IEC						
	60601-1-2:2014. However, electronic and mobile communications						
	equipment may transmit electromagnetic energy through air and there is						
	no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation or						
	environment. Interference may result in artifacts, distortion, or						
	degradation of the ultrasound image. If the System is found to cause or						
	respond to interference, try re-orienting the System or the affected						
	device, or increasing the separation distance between the devices.						
	Contact EchoNous customer support or your EchoNous distributor for						
	further information.						
	EchoNous does not recommend the use of high-frequency						
A	electromedical devices in proximity to its systems. EchoNous equipment						
	has not been validated for use with high-frequency electrosurgical						
	devices or procedures. Use of high-frequency electrosurgical devices in						
	proximity to its systems may lead to abnormal system behavior or						
	shutdown of the system. To avoid the risk of a burn hazard, do not use						
	Kosmos Torso with high-frequency surgical equipment. Such a hazard						
	may occur in the event of a defect in the high-frequency surgical neutral						
	electrode connection.						
	The System contains sensitive components and circuits. Failure to						
A	observe proper static control procedures may result in damage to the						
	System. Any faults should be reported to EchoNous customer support or						
	your EchoNous distributor for repair.						
	your Echonous distributor for repair.						

The **System** is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The user of the **System** should assure that it is used in such an environment.

## **Electromagnetic emissions**

TABLE 7-8. Guidance and manufacturer's declaration: electromagnetic emissions

Emissions test	Compliance	Electromagnetic environment: guidance
RF emissions	Group 1	The <b>System</b> uses RF energy only
BS EN 55011		for its internal function.
		Therefore, its RF emissions are
		very low and are not likely to
		cause any interference in
		nearby electronic equipment.
RF emissions	Class A	
BS EN 55011		
Harmonic emissions	Class A	The <b>System</b> is suitable for use in
BS EN 61000-3-2		all establishments other than
		domestic and those directly
		connected to the public low-
		voltage power supply network
		that supplies buildings used for
		domestic purposes.
Voltage fluctuations/	Complies	
flicker emissions		
BS EN 61000-3-3		

The **System** has Class A compliance in meaning it is suitable for use in all establishments other than domestic and those directly connected to the public low-voltage power supply network that supplies buildings used for domestic purposes. If the **System** is found to cause or respond to interference follow the guidelines in the warning section above.

# Electromagnetic immunity

TABLE 7-9. Guidance and manufacturer's declaration: electromagnetic
immunity

Immunity test	BS EN 60601 test level	Compliance level	Electromagnetic environment: guidance
Electrostatic	±8 kV contact	±8 kV contact	Floors should be wood,
discharge	±15kV air	±15kV air	concrete or ceramic tile. If
(ESD)			floors are covered with
BS EN 61000-			synthetic material, the relative
4-2			humidity should be at least
			30%.
Electrical fast	±2 kV for	±2 kV for	Mains power quality should be
transient/	power supply	power supply	that of a typical commercial or
burst	lines	lines	hospital environment.
BS EN61000-			
4-4			
Surge	± 1kV line(s)	± 1kV	Mains power quality should be
BS EN 61000-	to line(s)	differential	that of a typical commercial or
4-5	± 2kV line(s)	mode	hospital environment.
	to earth	± 2kV	
		common	
		mode	

Voltag	e dips,	<5% U <sub>T</sub> <sup>1</sup>	<5% U <sub>T</sub> <sup>1</sup>	Mains power quality should be
short		(>95% dip in	(>95% dip in	that of a typical commercial or
interru	uptions	$U_T$ ) for 0.5	$U_T$ ) for 0.5	hospital environment.
and vo	-	cycle	cycle	
	ons on	40% U <sub>T</sub> (60%	40% U <sub>T</sub> (60%	
•	supply	dip in $U_T$ ) for	dip in $U_T$ ) for	
input l	lines	• •		
BS EN	61000-	5 cycles	5 cycles	
4-11		70% U <sub>T</sub> (30%	70% U <sub>T</sub> (30%	
		dip in $U_T$ for	dip in $U_T$ for	
		25 cycles	25 cycles	
		<5% U <sub>T</sub>	<5% U <sub>T</sub>	
		(>95% dip in	(>95% dip in	
		$U_T$ ) for 5 sec	$U_T$ ) for 5 sec	
Power		30 A/m	30 A/m	Power frequency magnetic
freque	ency			fields should be at levels
(50/60	Hz)			characteristic of a typical
magne	etic			location in a typical
field				commercial or hospital
BS EN	61000-			environment.
4-8				

TABLE 7-9. Guidance and manufacturer's declaration: electromagnetic immunity

<sup>2,3</sup> Conducted RF BS EN 61000- 4-6	3 Vrms 150kHZ 80MHz	3 Vrms <sup>6</sup>	Portable and mobile RF communications equipment should be used no closer to any part of <b>the system</b> , including cables, than the recommended separation distance calculated from the equation applicable to the frequency of the transmitter
			Recommended separation distance $d = 1.2 \sqrt{P}$

TABLE 7-9. Guidance and manufacturer's declaration: electromagnetic
immunity

Ra	diated RF	3 V/m	3 V/m	d=1.2 $\sqrt{P}$ 80MHz to 800MHz
BS 4-3	EN 61000- 3	80MHz 2.5 GHz		d=2.3 $\sqrt{P}$ 800MHz to 2.5GHz
	-			Where <i>P</i> is the maximum output power rating of the transmitter in watts (W) according to the transmitter manufacturer and <i>d</i> is the recommended separations
				distance in meters (m). Field strengths from fixed RF transmitters, as determined by an electromagnetic site survey <sup>4</sup> , should be less than the compliance level in each frequency range <sup>5</sup> . Interference may occur in the
				vicinity of equipment marked with the following symbol.
				(((•)))
1 2 3 4 5	At 80MHz and 8 These guideline and reflection fr Field strengths f and land mobile predicted theore transmitters, an location in whic should be obser measures may b	00 MHz, the higher fre s may not apply in all s om structures, objects from fixed transmitters radios, amateur radic etically with accuracy. electromagnetic site s h the system is used e ved to verify normal o be necessary, such as ro	and people. s, such as base stations , AM and FM radio bro. To assess the electrom survey should be consid xceeds the applicable f peration. If abnormal p e-orientating or relocal	netic propagation is affected by absorption for radio (cellular/cordless) telephones adcast and TV broadcast cannot be agnetic environment due to fixed RF Jered. If the measured field strength in the RF compliance level above, the system performance is observed, additional

TABLE 7-9. Guidance and manufacturer's declaration: electromagnetic immunity

When using the optional mobile stand, the **System** can be susceptible to ESD and may require manual intervention. If ESD results in a **System** error, unplug the probe and plug back in to restore operation.

#### Separation distances

A

#### TABLE 7-10. Separation distances

Recommended separation distances between portable and mobile RF communications equipment and the EchoNous System

Rated maximum output power of	Separation distance according to frequency of transmitter			
transmitter W	150 kHz to 80	80 MHz to 800	800 MHz to 2,5	
	MHz	MHz	GHz	
	d=1.2 $\sqrt{P}$	d=1.2 $\sqrt{P}$	d=2.3 $\sqrt{P}$	
0.01	0.12	0.12	0.23	
0.1	0.38	0.38	0.73	
1	1.2	1.2	2.3	
10	3.8	3.8	7.3	
100	12	12	23	

For transmitters rated at a maximum output power not listed above, the recommended separation distance d in meters (m) can be estimated using the equation applicable to the frequency of the transmitter, where P is the maximum output power rating of the transmitter in watts (W) according to the transmitter manufacturer.

NOTE 1: At 80 MHz and 800 MHz, the separation distance for the higher frequency range applies. NOTE 2: These guidelines may not apply in all situations. Electromagnetic propagation is affected by absorption and reflection from structures, objects and people.

## Potential risks and mitigations

#### **Risk/mitigation 1**

Hazard: Loss or deterioration of function

Initial cause in sequence of events: Software error

**Sequence of events:** User is scanning cardiac anatomy with auto-annotation active > one or more cardiac anatomic structures are incorrectly annotated.

**Hazardous situation:** Misinterpretation of cardiac anatomy or image orientation

Harm: User frustration

#### Mitigation:



Do not rely on the heart auto-labeling tool for diagnostic purposes. Auto labels help train and provide you with a quick orientation to the anatomy of the heart. Use your judgment to ensure annotations are correct.

Design requirement: The automated annotations feature shall correctly identify cardiac structures with at least 80% accuracy when a result is displayed.

#### **Risk/mitigation 2**

Hazard: Loss or deterioration of function

Initial cause in sequence of events: Software error

**Sequence of events:** User is scanning cardiac anatomy with auto-annotation active > automatic annotations cover anatomy important in diagnostic assessment.

Hazardous situation: Important diagnostic information in image is overlaid

Harm: User frustration

#### Mitigation:



Do not rely on the heart auto-labeling tool for diagnostic purposes. Auto labels help train and provide you with a quick orientation to the anatomy of the heart. Use your judgment to ensure annotations are correct.

Design requirement: The automated annotations feature shall correctly identify cardiac structures with at least 80% accuracy when a result is displayed.

Usability study: A summative usability study shall be conducted per IEC 62366. The system is free of use errors that may cause harm to patient/user.

#### **Risk/mitigation 3**

Hazard: Incorrect or inappropriate output or functionality

#### Initial cause in sequence of events: Software error

**Sequence of events:** Users in EF workflow > image grading algorithm incorrectly indicated image is low quality (1 or 2), but image quality is high quality (4 or 5)

Hazardous situation: User frustration

Harm: User frustration

#### Mitigation:

Clinical study: The accuracy of the grading feature based on the American College of Emergency Physicians 5-point Quality Assurance Grading Scale is verified and validated in the Grading and Guidance Algorithm, Clinical Evaluation Report.

#### **Risk/mitigation 4**

Hazard: Incorrect or inappropriate output or functionality

#### Initial cause in sequence of events: Use error

**Sequence of events:** Users in the EF workflow > image grading algorithm, incorrectly indicates image is high quality (4 or 5), but image quality is low quality (1 or 2) > acquires suboptimal image plane for A4C and/or A2C images > user trusts algorithm over expert judgment > error in image plane selection leads to an error in (EF/SV/CO) that is clinically significant

Hazardous situation: Inaccurate assessment of systolic function

Harm: Misdiagnosis

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#### Mitigation:

Design requirement:

- After an A4C or A2C clip has been recorded, the system shall allow the user to accept or reject that clip for the calculation of the EF. If a clip is rejected the user can re-record that clip.
- The system shall display reference A4C/A2C images for comparison in EF imaging screen.
- The system shall verify if the calculated quantities are within reasonable boundaries:
  - The system shall warn the user if the EF is out of 0% 100% range.
- The system shall disallow the user to save edits which result in EF value that is out of 0% 100% range on the Edit EF screen.
- The system shall notify the user when: 1) A4C and A2C EF difference is more than 30%; 2) ESV > 400ml; 3) EDV > 500ml.

Clinical study:

- A clinical study shall be performed demonstrating the safety and efficacy of the EF workflow feature by meeting end points.
- A summative usability study shall be conducted per IEC 62366. The system is free of use errors that may cause harm to patient/user.
- The accuracy of the grading feature based on the American College of Emergency Physicians 5-point Quality Assurance Grading Scale is verified and validated in the Grading and Guidance Algorithm Clinical Evaluation Report.

#### **Risk/mitigation 5**

Hazard: Incorrect or inappropriate output or functionality

Initial cause in sequence of events: Use error

**Sequence of events:** User misunderstands the meaning of image grading feedback > proceeds to calculate EF with bad image (even though system has indicated it is bad) > user trusts algorithm over expert judgment > error in image plane selection leads to an error in (EV/SV/CO) that is clinically significant.

#### Hazardous situation: Inaccurate assessment of systolic function

Harm: Misdiagnosis

#### Mitigation:

Design requirement:

- After an A4C or A2C clip has been recorded, the system shall allow the user to accept or reject that clip for the calculation of the EF. If a clip is rejected, the user can re-record that clip.
- The system shall display reference A4C/A2C images for comparison in EF imaging screen.

#### **Risk/mitigation 6**

Hazard: Incorrect or inappropriate output or functionality

#### Initial cause in sequence of events: Software error

**Sequence of events:** User is in EF workflow > image guidance instructions are incorrect > user is unable to acquire an adequate A4C/A2C view(s) based on system feedback

#### Hazardous situation: User frustration

Harm: User frustration

#### Mitigation:

Clinical study:

- A summative usability study shall be conducted per IEC 62366. The system is free of use errors that may cause harm to patient/user.
- The accuracy of the grading feature based on the American College of Emergency Physicians 5-point Quality Assurance Grading Scale is verified and validated in the Grading and Guidance Algorithm Clinical Evaluation Report.

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#### **Risk/Mitigation 7**

Hazard: Incorrect or inappropriate output or functionality

#### Initial cause in sequence of events: Use error

**Sequence of events:** User misunderstands the meaning of image guidance feedback > unable to acquire adequate view based on system feedback.

#### Hazardous situation: User frustration

Harm: User frustration

#### Mitigation:

Clinical study:

- A summative usability study shall be conducted per IEC 62366. The system is free of use errors that may cause harm to patient/user.
- The accuracy of the grading feature based on the American College of Emergency Physicians 5-point Quality Assurance Grading Scale is verified and validated in the Grading and Guidance Algorithm Clinical Evaluation Report.

### General warnings and cautions

	All images should be interpreted only by a licensed healthcare practitioner with the appropriate training.
	The results from the image analysis software should not be used for screening, specific disease detection/classifications, disease diagnosis, or patient management decisions.
A	Image analysis should only be used as an aid, and the final interpretation should be performed by a licensed healthcare practitioner with the appropriate training.
	Users should be cognizant of state and local requirements regarding use of imaging systems.

# Standards

#### **HIPAA**

KOSMOS includes security settings that help you to meet the applicable security requirements listed in the HIPAA standard. Users are ultimately responsible for ensuring the security and protection of all electronic protected health information collected, stored, reviewed, and transmitted on the system.

The Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act, Pub.L. No. 104-191 (1996). 45 CFR 160, General Administrative Requirements.

45 CFR 164, Security and Privacy



#### DICOM

KOSMOS conforms to the DICOM standard as specified in the KOSMOS DICOM Conformance Statement, available at www.echonous.com. This statement provides information about the purpose, characteristics, configuration, and specifications of the network connections supported by the system.

--End of Section--

# **KOSMOS** Maintenance

# Cleaning and disinfecting

# **General cautions**

<b>A</b>	Some reprocessing chemicals may cause an allergic reaction in some individuals.
	Ensure that cleaning and disinfecting solutions and wipes are not expired.
	Do not allow cleaning solution or disinfectant into the tablet or Kosmos probe connectors.
	Wear the appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) recommended by the chemical manufacturer, such as protective eye wear and gloves.
	Do not skip any steps or abbreviate the cleaning and disinfecting process in any way.
	Do not spray cleaners or disinfectants directly on tablet surfaces or on the tablet and Kosmos probe connectors. Doing so may cause solution to leak into KOSMOS, damaging it and voiding the warranty.
	Do not attempt to clean or disinfect the tablet, Kosmos Torso-One, or Kosmos Torso-One cable using a method that is not included here or chemical not listed in this guide. Doing so can damage KOSMOS and void the warranty.

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#### **Tablet**

A

The tablet is not sterile when shipped; do not attempt to sterilize it.

To avoid electrical shock, before cleaning, turn off the tablet and disconnect it from the power supply.

#### Cleaning

Avoid spraying the cleaning and disinfection solutions directly onto the tablet. Instead spray onto a non-abrasive cloth and then gently wipe. Ensure that all excess solution is wiped off and not left on the surface after cleaning. The following cleaning and disinfection method must be followed for the tablet.

- 1. After each use, disconnect the USB cable from the Kosmos probe.
- 2. Remove any accessories, such as the headset or power supply.
- 3. Using a wipe from an approved presaturated disinfectant wipe, carefully wipe the screen and all other areas of the tablet. Choose an EchoNous-approved wipe from the list in **Presaturated wipes**.
- 4. If necessary, clean the tablet with additional wipes to remove all visible contaminants.

After disinfection, examine the display for cracks, and if damage exists, discontinue use of the system and contact EchoNous Customer Support.

#### TABLE 8-1. Presaturated wipes

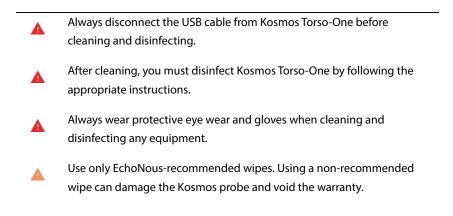
Product	Company	Active Ingredients	Contact Condition
Sani-Cloth	PDI Inc.	n-Alkyl (68% C12, 32% C14)	5 minutes wet
Plus		dimethyl ethylbenzyl	contact time for
		ammonium chlorides. 0.125% n-	disinfection
		Alkyl (60% C14, 30% C16, 5%	
		C12, 5% C18) dimethyl benzyl	
		ammonium chlorides. 0.125%	
CaviWipes	Metrex	Diisobutylphenoxyethoxyethyld	5 minutes wet
(KavoWipes)		imethylbenzyl ammonium	contact time for
		chloride (0.28%), Isopropanol	disinfection
		(17.2%)	

#### Kosmos Toros-One

#### Cleaning

The following cleaning instructions must be followed for Kosmos Torso-One. Kosmos Torso-One must be cleaned after each use. Cleaning Kosmos Torso-One is an essential step before effective disinfection.

Before cleaning Kosmos Torso-One, read the following warnings and cautions.



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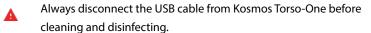
- When cleaning and disinfecting Kosmos Torso-One, do not allow any fluid to enter electrical connections or metal portions of the USB connector.
- The use of a cover or sheath does not preclude proper cleaning and disinfecting of a Kosmos probe. When choosing a cleaning and disinfecting method, treat Kosmos Torso-One as if a cover was not used in the procedure.

To clean Kosmos Torso-One:

- 1. After each use, disconnect the USB cable from the Kosmos probe.
- 2. Remove any accessories attached to, or covering the Kosmos probe, such as a sheath.
- 3. At point of use, wipe Kosmos probe with an approved presaturated wipe.
- Prior to disinfecting the Kosmos probe, remove all ultrasound gel from the Kosmos probe face by using an approved presaturated disinfectant wipe. Choose an EchoNous-approved wipe from the list in Presaturated wipes.
- 5. Using a new wipe, remove any particulate matter, gel, or fluids that remain on the Kosmos probe using a new presaturated wipe from **Presaturated wipes**.
- 6. If necessary, clean the Kosmos probe with additional wipes to remove all visible contaminants.
- 7. Before continuing with disinfection, ensure the Kosmos probe is visibly dry.

#### **Disinfecting (intermediate-level)**

Use the following steps to disinfect Kosmos Torso-One. Before performing the following steps, read the following warnings and cautions.



Always use protective eye wear and gloves when disinfecting any equipment.

Before disinfecting, clean Kosmos Torso-One by following the appropriate instructions to remove all gels, fluids, and particulates that may interfere with the disinfection process.

Use only EchoNous-recommended disinfectants. Using a nonrecommended disinfecting wipe can damage the Kosmos probe and void the warranty.

To disinfect Kosmos Probes (intermediate level):

- After cleaning, choose an intermediate-level disinfectant from the list in Presaturated wipes, and observe the recommended minimum wet contact time.
- 2. With a new wipe, clean the cable and the Kosmos probe, starting from the exposed cable, wiping toward the Kosmos probe head to avoid cross-contamination.
- **3.** Observe the required wet contact time. Monitor the Kosmos probe for wet appearance. Use at least three wipes to ensure effective disinfection.
- 4. Before reusing the Kosmos probe, ensure the Kosmos probe is visibly dry.

Check the Kosmos probe for damage, such as cracks, splitting, or sharp edges. If damage is evident, discontinue using the Kosmos probe, and contact your EchoNous representative.

#### **Disinfecting (high-level)**

Use the following steps to high-level disinfect the Kosmos probes whenever it has come into contact with blood, broken skin, or bodily fluids (semi-critical use). High-level disinfection of Kosmos probes typically uses an immersion method with high-level disinfectants or chemical sterilant.

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Before performing the following steps, read the following warnings and cautions.

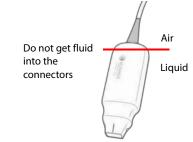
Always disconnect Kosmos Torso-One from AC mains during cleaning and disinfection.

- Before disinfection, clean the Kosmos probe by following the appropriate cleaning instructions in **Cleaning** to remove all gels, fluids, and particulates that may interfere with the disinfection process.
- Always use protective eye wear and gloves when disinfecting any equipment.
- When disinfecting Kosmos Torso-One, do not allow any fluid to enter electrical connections or metal portions of the USB.
- Do not attempt to disinfect the Kosmos probe using a method that is not included in these instructions. This can damage the Kosmos probe and void the warranty.
- Use only EchoNous-recommended disinfectants. Using a nonrecommended disinfecting solution or incorrect solution strength can damage the Kosmos probe and void the warranty.
- If the Kosmos probe has come into contact with any of the following, use the high-level cleaning and disinfection procedure: Blood, broken skin, mucosal membranes, bodily fluids

To disinfect Kosmos probes (high level):

- After cleaning, choose a high-level disinfectant that is compatible with Kosmos probes. For a list of compatible disinfectants, see Disinfectant solutions for Kosmos Torso-One immersion.
- 2. Test the solution strength by using a Cidex OPA test strip. Ensure that the solution is not older than 14 days (in an open container) or 75 days (from a just opened storage container).
- **3.** If a pre-mixed solution is used, be sure to observe the solution expiration date.

4. Immerse Kosmos probe into the disinfectant as shown below. Kosmos probes may be immersed only up to the immersion point shown. No other part of the Kosmos probe, such as cable, strain relief, or connectors should be soaked or immersed in fluids.



- Refer to Disinfectant solutions for Kosmos Torso-One immersion for duration of immersion and contact temperature.
- **6.** Do not immerse Kosmos probe longer than the minimum time needed for semi-critical level of disinfection.
- 7. Rinse Kosmos probe for at least one minute in clean water up to the point of immersion to remove chemical residue. Do not soak or immerse any other part of the Kosmos probe, such as the cable, strain relief, or connector.
- 8. Repeat, rinsing three times to ensure proper rinsing.
- 9. Air dry or use a soft sterile cloth to dry the Kosmos probe until visibly dry.
- **10.** Wipe the strain relief and first 18 inches (45 cm) of the Kosmos probe cable with an approved wipe from the list in **Presaturated wipes**.

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11. Examine the Kosmos probe for damage such as cracks, splitting, or sharp edges. If damage is evident, discontinue using the Kosmos probe, and contact your EchoNous representative.

#### TABLE 8-2. Disinfectant solutions for Kosmos Torso-One immersion

Product	Company	Active Ingredients	Contact Condition
Cidex OPA	Advanced	Products 0.55% ortho	12 minutes at
Solution	Sterilization	phthaldehyde	20°C
	Product		

- Check the expiration date on the bottle to ensure the disinfectant has not expired. Mix or check that the disinfection chemicals have the concentration recommended by the manufacturer (for example, a chemical strip test).
- Check that the temperature of the disinfectant is within the manufacturer's recommended limits.

### Recycling and disposal



Do not incinerate or discard KOSMOS in general waste at end of life. The lithium battery is a potential environmental and fire safety hazard.

EchoNous is committed to helping protect the natural environment not only through supporting continued safe and effective use of the devices, but also through communicating information about proper disposal of the devices at the end of useful life.

Equipment may contain materials that pose a risk to the environment if not disposed of properly. When a device has reached the end of its useful life, properly dispose of it following the recommendations below.

The Samsung display contains lithium-ion batteries, and the system should be disposed of in an environmentally responsible manner in compliance with local, state, provincial, and/or national regulations. EchoNous recommends taking any

Kosmos electronic equipment to a recycling center which specializes in the recycling and disposal of electronic equipment.

In cases where any Kosmos component has been exposed to biologically hazardous material, EchoNous recommends using biohazard containers in compliance with local, state, provincial, and/or national regulations for disposal. Such Kosmos component should be taken to a waste center which specializes in the disposal of biohazard waste.

# Troubleshooting

Preventive inspection, maintenance, and calibration

- KOSMOS does not require any preventative maintenance or calibration.
- KOSMOS does not contain any serviceable parts.

If KOSMOS is not functioning as designed and intended, contact EchoNous customer support.

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**KOSMOS Maintenance** 

#### **CHAPTER 9**

# **Specifications**

# System specifications

Samsung S6 Tablet (SM-T860)

Height: 244.5 mm

Width: 159.5 mm

Depth: 5.7 mm

Weight: 420 g

Internally Powered (5V, 2A max)

Kosmos Torso-One dimensions

Height: 150 mm (excluding cable (the hard plastic housing length))

**Width**: 56 mm

**Depth**: 35 mm

Weight: 267 grams (with ferrite-equipped cable)

Cable dimensions: 1.5 meters

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# Environmental operating and storage conditions for Kosmos Torso-One

Kosmos Torso-One is intended to be used and stored in normal ambient conditions inside a medical facility.

## Operating, charging, transport, and storage condition ranges

	Operating	Transport/Storage
Temperature (°C)	0C to +40C	-20 C to +60 C
Relative humidity	15% to 95%	15% to 95%
(non-condensing)		
Pressure	62 kPa to 106 kPa	62 kPa to 106 kPa

### Mode of operation

A	After storage at extreme temperatures, check the Kosmos probe surface temperature before applying to a patient. A cold or hot surface may burn the patient.
	Only operate, charge, and store Kosmos within the approved environmental parameters.
	When used in high ambient temperatures (such as 40 deg C), the KOSMOS safety feature may disable scanning to maintain safe touch temperature.

Kosmos enforces scanning limits to maintain safe user contact temperatures.

#### **CHAPTER 10**

# **IT Network**

## Wireless networking

#### **Functions**

Connection to the IT network is required for the following functionality.

- Storing exam data (static images and clips) acquired by KOSMOS in Picture Archiving and Communication System (PACS) by DICOM communication. For details, refer to the DICOM Conformance Statement that is on the USB flash drive.
- Setting KOSMOS time correctly by inquiring the network time service.

#### Security

#### **Patient Data Protection**

It is your responsibility to configure your Android device to comply with your local security policies and regulatory requirements. EchoNous recommends that you protect patient data by encrypting your device and setting a passcode for device access. The Kosmos app does encrypt the patient database as an added level of security.

#### **Wireless Networking**

Refer to the documentation that accompanies the Samsung tablet for information regarding configuring your device for wireless networking. Consult your IT security department to ensure that your device is configured in a manner that complies with all applicable security requirements.

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# Network for connecting the device



To ensure security, use an IT network that is isolated from the external environment by a firewall.

-- End of Section --

# IT network failure recovery measures

Connection to an IT network may become, at times, unreliable, and this may lead to failure to perform the functions described in **Functions**. As a result, the following hazardous situations may occur:

	Impact on		
Network failure	equipment	Hazard	Countermeasures
IT network	Unable to trans-	Delay of diagnosis	KOSMOS has
becomes unsta-	mit exam data to		internal memory,
ble	PACS		and exam data is
	Delay of transmis-		stored in it. After
	sion to a PACS		the IT network
			has returned to
			stable, the user
			can reinitiate the
			transfer of data.
	Incorrect data	Misdiagnosis	Integrity of the
	transmitted to a		data is ensured by
	PACS		the TCP/IP and
			DICOM protocols
			used by KOSMOS.
	Unable to get the	Incorrect exam	KOSMOS has the
	time from a time	data	capability of
	server		entering data and
			time manually.
	Incorrect time		KOSMOS always
	data		indicates the date
			and the time on
			the main screen.

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Firewall has bro-	Attack via net-	Manipulation of	KOSMOS closes
ken down	work	exam data	unnecessary net-
			work ports.
	Infection by com-	Leak of exam data	KOSMOS pre-
	puter virus		vents a user
			from loading
			software and
			executing it.

- Connection of equipment to an IT network that includes other systems could result in previously unidentified risks to patients, operators, or third parties. Before connecting the equipment to an uncontrolled IT Network, make sure that all potential risks resulting from such connections were identified and evaluated, and suitable countermeasures were put in place. BS EN 80001-1:2010 provides guidance for addressing these risks.
- When a setting of the IT network to which KOSMOS is connected has been changed, check that the change does not affect it, and take measures, if necessary. Changes to the IT network include:
  - Changing the network configuration (IP address, router, and so on)
  - Connecting additional items
  - Disconnecting items
  - Updating equipment
  - Upgrading equipment
- Any changes to the IT network could introduce new risks requiring additional evaluation to be performed.

# Glossary

**CHAPTER 11** 

Term	Description
A2C	Apical 2 chamber.
A4C	Apical 4 chamber.
ACEP	American College of Emergency Physicians
Annotation	Annotations are text notes, arrows, and/or measurements that a clinician may add to an image or clip. An annotation appears as an overlay on the image/clip.
Archive	After a report is generated, the patient information is updated in the hospital's EMR/PACS system. The device needs to have a secure connection for data transfer. Once an exam is archived, it cannot be edited. At this point, it is safe to purge the exam from KOSMOS to create more room for new studies.
Arrow	An arrow is an arrow icon that a clinician may put on a certain location of an image/clip to highlight something. This displays as an overlay on the image/clip.
BMI	Body mass index.
B-mode	Kosmos Torso-One array scans a plane through the body and produces a 2D image on the screen. This is also called B-mode imaging.
Calculation	Calculations are estimations made from specific sets of measurements.
Caliper	You perform most measurements by using calipers that you drag into position. The active caliper has a round highlighted handle.
Cine	A cine is a period of images, stored digitally as a sequence of individual frames. It is recorded at high frame rates and may contain more frames than were displayed during the examination.
Clip	A clip is a short sequences of multiple frames like a movie.

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Term	Description
Completed exam	Once an exam is completed, you won't be able to add images to the exam. You can add/edit/delete any annotations that have been saved as overlays on images/clips until the exam is archived. Once archived, you cannot edit anything. If the clinician does not complete an exam, KOSMOS will automatically complete the exam when KOSMOS is turned off.
DICOM	Digital Imaging and Communications in Medicine. DICOM is the most universal and fundamental standard in digital medical imaging. It's an all- encompassing data transfer, storage, and display protocol built and designed to cover all functional aspects of contemporary medicine. PACS functionality is DICOM driven.
ED	End-diastolic.
EDV	End-diastolic volume.
EF	Ejection fraction, calculated as (a percentage):
	EF = (EDV-ESV)/EDV * 100
ES	End-systolic.
ESV	End-systolic volume.
Exam	An exam contains all the objects, images, clips, and reports that are saved during a clinical examination of a patient with KOSMOS, which usually maps to a patient's visit.
FOV	Field of view is the two-dimension space of B- mode image acquisition.

Term	Description
Frozen state	The state KOSMOS gets into when you tap the <b>Freeze</b> button in live imaging.
	During the frozen state, you can add annotations to one frame of the cine and save the still image. The measurements only stay on one frame of the cine, but the annotations will persist in the whole cine. When you save a clip from the cine, annotations are saved as overlays on the clip, but the measurement won't be saved in the clip. That is because usually measurements are relevant to only one frame of a cine instead of the whole series of frames.
HR	Heart rate.
Image	An image is a single frame of an ultrasound view captured by KOSMOS.
LV	Left ventricle.
M-line	A line that appears in B-mode for which M-mode provides the trace.
Measurement	A measurement is a distance or area measurement on images with no inference to underlying anatomy. A measurement overlay shows the tool (such as a caliper or ellipse) and the measured values.
MWL	Modality Worklist
PACS	Picture Archiving and Communication Systems. PACS refer to medical systems (hardware and software) built to run digital medical imaging. The main components of PACS include digital image acquisition devices, digital image archives, and workstations. The PACS settings in this document refer to the settings of connecting to digital image archives.
Physical coordinates	The position in the field of view expressed in terms of physical dimensions either in millimeters or radians with respect to a designated point of reference.
Picture	You can use the KOSMOS camera to take pictures of a wound or injury as part of the exam.

Term	Description
PIMS	Patient Information Management Systems.
Ping test	A ping test is used to test a TCP/IP connection. If the test is successful, the connection between the KOSMOS and PACS archive is working.
Report	A report consists of details of an exam, along with the notes entered by the clinician.
Review	This is the state of KOSMOS where you can review and edit patient data if it has not been archived.
ROI	Region of Interest. The ROI refers to the bounded region in the field of view where color flow information is depicted.
Scan	A scan is a system preset where system parameters are optimized for scanning a certain organ, such as heart or lungs. Scans can include multiple images, clips, and reports that you can save. The scan preset drives calculations, measurements, and reports.
Snackbar	The snackbar is a brief message that displays on the bottom of many KOSMOS screens. You don't have to act on the messages, and they automatically go away after a short period of time.
Study	A study is a collection of one or more series of medical images and presentation states that are logically related for diagnosing a patient. Each study is associated with one patient. A study may include composite Instances that are created by a single modality, multiple modalities, or by multiple devices of the same modality.
	In KOSMOS, the term "exam" means "study" in the DICOM world. An exam contains all the objects, images, clips, and reports that are saved during a clinical examination of a patient with KOSMOS, which usually maps to a patient's visit.

Term	Description
SV	Stroke volume, calculated as:
	SV=EDV-ESV
Verify	This is used to conduct a DICOM C-Echo, which sends a signal to the PACS archive using a DICOM protocol to confirm that the PACS archive is working and available on the network.